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## PEACE CORPS SEEKS TO DEFER VOLUNTEERS SERVING ABROAD

WASHINGTON — The Peace Corps announced today it will intervene on behalf of Volunteers seeking draft deferments for two years of overseas service.

Agency Director Jack Vaughn, concerned by mounting induction calls to Volunteers serving overseas, said he will take an "active role" in seeking future deferment cases before the Presidential Appeal Board—the court of last resort for draft reclassifications.

In the past, the agency performed a largely informational function — advising Volunteers and trainees of Selective Service laws and procedures and confirming to local boards the fact of the Volunteer's service.

In future appeals, Vaughn will write letters to the board describing the circumstances in each case and urging board members to grant a deferment until completion of the Volunteers' overseas tour.

"We have a serious situation," he said. "The problem of induction notices to overseas Volunteers is becoming a major concern for us. Pulling a Volunteer off a productive job at mid-tour is unfair to the nation, the host country, the Peace Corps, and the individual."

The vast majority of Peace Corps Volunteers are granted deferments for two years of overseas duty because their

service is deemed by their local boards to be "in the national interest," as recommended by Lt. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, the draft director.

However, some local Selective Service boards refuse deferments even though Peace Corps service does not relieve Volunteers of their draft obligations. If the local board is upheld by the State Appeal Board, the case may reach the Presidential Appeal Board which makes the final decision.

The appeal process often takes months to be resolved, and the Peace Corps frequently sends Volunteers to their overseas sites while their appeals for deferment are pending.

Vaughn said, "So long as the chances for deferment are good this system makes sense, but as more and more Volunteers lose their appeals we may have to reconsider the process and keep them, a wasting asset, in the United States until their cases are resolved."

He also said induction calls for Volunteers overseas "disrupts the continuity of carefully planned projects by host country governments who also have invested a large amount of time and money in the program."

Vaughn also noted that in a number of cases, host country governments have been unable to replace drafted Volunteer teachers.

## Partners In Progress

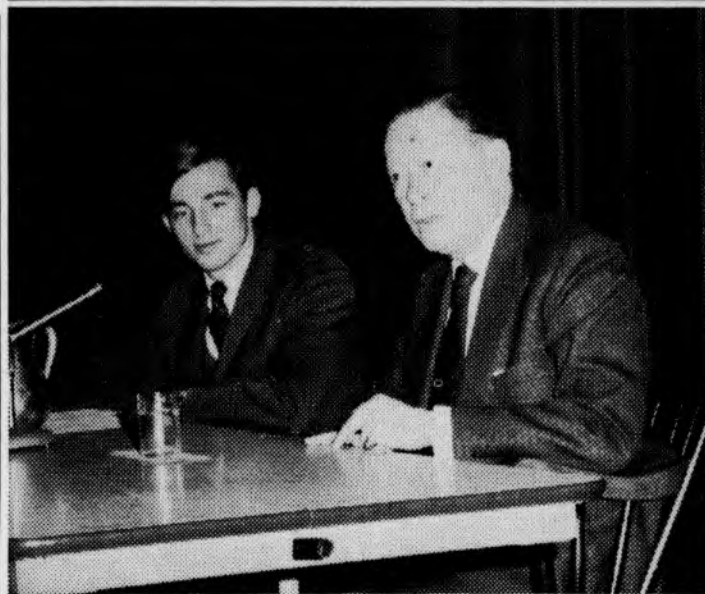
# Brazilian Ambassador to U.S. Holds Conference, Seminar

Ambassador Leitao da Cunha, the Ambassador from Brazil to the United States, held a press conference Tuesday afternoon in the Bates College Little Theater for representatives of the student newspapers of Maine.

The Ambassador was in Maine to promote Brazil Week in Maine. The importance of this trip was to underscore the cooperation between the two countries in the Partners in Progress Program. Under this program, Maine and the northeast state of Rio Grande De Noche have been allied to exchange ideas in a person-to-person effort to aid the underdeveloped South American area.

The Ambassador confirmed that the program joins thirty geographical areas of the U.S. with a Brazilian counterpart of similar culture and environment. It is a mutual assistance program between all the participating countries to the end of progress without Communist takeover.

The Ambassador was in Maine to attend the premier performance by the Portland Symphony Orchestra of Symphony No. 4 by Brazilian composer Camargo Guarnieri Tuesday night in Portland. This is one part of the total exchange which the program hopes to



Ambassador Leitao da Cunha at Tuesday's Press Conference

foster in the future.

After the press conference from 2:30 on Tuesday, the Ambassador spoke with a selected group of students in the Ham Room, under the direction of Dr. Ernest Muller and Dr. James Leamon.

Earlier, the Ambassador had lunch with the Maine chairman of the Partners in Progress Program, Dr. Alan Rubens, Dr. Reynolds, and Governor Curtis traveled last summer to Rio Grande De

Norche in order to familiarize themselves with the possible situations for exchange.

The conference was well attended by students and public media, although the questions were generally from representatives of the student press. Colby, St. Francis, Gorham State, St. Joseph's, and Farmington State sent reporters.

President Reynolds has formed committees on the secondary school level chaired by

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## PEACE DEMONSTRATION STAGED, U. S. A. F. RECRUITS RECORD NUMBER

By Larry Billings

Thursday, November 16, the student lounge was the scene of a confrontation between three Lewiston USAF recruiters and a group of Bates anti-war demonstrators. Whether one side or the other emerged the victor is as yet undetermined.

The recruiters set up their station at 9:30, and Bates objectors promptly erected a display beside it. Signs read, "Conscientious Objectors Information Here," "Stop the War," and "Kill for Freedom?" Throughout the day various interested students took turns manning the table, handing out literature, and collecting signatures for "Individuals Against the Crime of Silence"

and the "Draft War Survey" sponsored by the Fellowship of Reconciliation. Signatures for the former are recorded with the U.N., and results from the latter are reported to the President.

The recruiters had been scheduled to stay until 3 P.M., but they received a phone call and left at 11:30 saying they had an appointment. A sign was attached to their vacant post proclaiming, "The Air Force has flown," and the demonstrators continued to "recruit for peace," eliciting, they said, considerable response. "However," said Bruce Wilson, one of the demonstrators, "I don't know whether we made them leave or not; I don't think we did." He ex-

pressed disappointment that an anticipated exchange between the two groups was not forthcoming: "It could have been an effective dialogue if they had stayed longer."

The military, on the other hand, reported record results. A total of seventeen men enlisted during the course of their two hour stay. T-Sgt. Joseph R. Wiggle, leader of the group, said that he was "very happy" that the pacifists' booth was there because he contended that it attracted the attention of many curious students who otherwise might not even have stopped at the recruiting station. Asserted Wiggle, "If it hadn't been for them, I couldn't have got half as many as I did."

## PLANS PROPOSED TO ALTER DRAFT DEFERMENT PROBLEM

By Paula Casey

One of the major problems which concerns the college student of today is the draft deferment problem. The New Selective Service Act and the President's Executive Order issued on June 30, 1967, have caused wide changes in the draft system. For the most part, present undergraduate students, with certain limitations as to age and normal progress, are assured their II-S deferments. However at the end of this current academic year, all II-S deferments will end for those receiving their degrees, those completing their first year of graduate study, and those receiving their advanced degrees. The only graduate deferments will be granted to those studying in the fields of medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine, osteopathy, and optometry.

The draft laws require that the oldest among those elig-

ible for induction must be drafted first. Under the current regulations all those losing their II-S deferment at the end of this year will be eligible for induction. Those overage, physically disqualified, or having previously served in the armed forces would be exempt.

Projected figures for the number of inductees needed the next year is between 200,000 and 300,000 men. This is roughly the number of men inducted this past year.

### Limited Deferments

This new draft policy of limited draft deferments will have far-reaching effects on graduate schools, not only as far as the composition of the student body is concerned, but also on faculty assignments and budgetary allocations. The problem will undoubtedly not be as severe as might be expected, since those men not

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# Vietnamese Nationalist Comments On Peoples Army Of N. Vietnam

The official birthdate of the People's Army of North Vietnam (VPA) is December 22, 1944.

The father is Ho Chi Minh, the legendary revolutionary who since 1941 returned to the mountains of Vietnam after 30 years of activities abroad from Moscow to China. Ho Chi Minh, now President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (North Vietnam) was then the leader of the Viet Minh, the political organization which led the Vietnamese fight for independence.

### Birth of the VPA

The V P A was born clandestinely and the conditions of its birth were contained in a yellow piece of paper smuggled in a package of American cigarettes (Camels) by Ho Chi Minh to an ex-professor of history, Vo Nguyen Giap (at the time known as Comrade Van) who since then led the VPA to the victory of Dien Bien Phu against the French and to the present confrontation with the U.S. power. The instructions in the piece of paper read:

"1. Name: Brigade of Propaganda of the Liberation Army of Vietnam. It means that the political aspect is more important than the military aspect. In order to act with success, on the military field, the main principle is that of concentration of forces. Therefore, according to the new directives of the Party, recruits will come from the ranks of guerilla units in Cao Bac Lang (the three provinces of North Vietnam, at the border with China) from those cadres and soldiers most loyal and most dedicated. A number of arms will be concentrated to develop the 'chu luc' (the main force). However, our resistance being people's resistance, it is necessary to mobilize the whole population. While concentrating forces to form the first army unit, it is necessary to maintain the regional armed units, to coordinate with them and assist them in every way. The main force unit has the mission of guiding the regional forces, instructing them, giving them arms if possible, and making them grow continuously.

"2. Regarding the regional armed units: bring the regional cadres back to the main force headquarters for training. Send them back to their regions to exchange experiences, to organize liaison, and to coordinate fighting.

"On tactics: apply guerilla warfare, the principle of secrecy of lightning attacks, of absolute devotion. The soldier must be one day in the east, the next day in the west, coming without shadow and leaving without image. The Brigade of the Propaganda Unit of the Vietnam Liberation Army is the elder brother unit, trying to have soon other younger

brother units. Although its beginning is small, its perspective is large and glorious. It is the beginning of the Liberation Army. It can go from North to South, all over our country.

Vo Nguyen Giap added to these instructions 10 points of the Oath of Honor. The first point read:

### Oath of Honor

"The Vietnam People's Army fighter swears to sacrifice himself unreservedly for the Fatherland, for the cause of national independence, democracy and socialism, under the leadership of the Vietnam Workers Party and the Democratic Republic, to build a peaceful, reunited, independent, democratic and prosperous Vietnam and contribute to the strengthening of peace in South East Asia and the world."

The ninth point read:

"In contact with the people, to follow these three recommendations: to respect the people, to help the people, to defend the people in order to win their confidence and affection and achieve a perfect understanding between the people and the army."

From this rather simple birth certificate, the Brigade of Propaganda of the Liberation Army of Vietnam (actually composed of less than a 100 poorly armed personnel) grew to become a Liberation Army which helped the Viet Minh to take power in August 1945. It is the same army which grew into a formidable force which defeated the French at Dien Bien Phu in 1954.

At the end of the First Indochinese War, the VPA was a regular army, 200,000 men strong.

### The Modern VPA

At the present time, according to official sources, the VPA has 450,000 men. According to a study of the VPA by the South Vietnamese Army General Staff, the regular VPA army is backed by over 200,000 of the people's Militia and Self Defense Units.

After the bombing of North Vietnam by the U. S. Air Force, in February 1965, an organization called "Thanh Nien Ba San Sang" (The Three Ready Youth Organization: ready to enlist in the armed forces, ready to fight, ready to go anywhere) mobilized 1,500,000

young men to support the army. The Minister of Defense and Deputy Prime Minister, General Vo Nguyen Giap, is assisted by 7 Deputy Ministers of Defense and a Defense General Staff of 8 departments, 1 of which is the Office for Liaison with the ICC (International Control Commission) headed by Colonel Ha Van Lau. The Armed Forces Staff under the Ministry of Defense is headed by General Van Tien Dung assisted by 5 Vice-Chiefs.

The Political Department of the Armed Forces Staff, the most important of all departments is headed by General Song Hao, an old comrade in arms of General Vo Nguyen Giap. The VPA being an "instrument of the Party" is basically a political army and the role of the political commissars attached to all units is the decisive one.

### A Peasant Army

In an article in the VPA magazine, General Vo Nguyen Giap wrote on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the VPA in 1959: "The Vietnamese Peoples Army is indeed a national one. In fighting against imperialism and traitors in its service, it has fought for national independence and the unity of the country. "Our army is a democratic army because it fights for the people's democratic interests and the defense of people's democratic power. Impregnated with the principles of democracy in its internal political life, it submits to a rigorous discipline, but one freely consented to.

"Our army is a people's army, because it defends the fundamental interests of the people, in the first place those

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# Canada Adopts Point System For Immigrants

The factors used by Canadian officials in judging young Americans migrating to Canada have now been revised and codified in a point system.

This system replaces old regulations under which some would-be migrants could be turned down by an immigration officer because of a single deficiency. Any immigrant scoring 50 out of a possible 100 "assessment units" will now be admitted to Canada.

According to Canadian Citizenship and Immigration Minister Jean Marchand, "The new immigration regulations spell out for the first time the principles involved in the selection of immigrants. Whereas in the past an individual would have been rejected on account of a single factor, the new regulations use a combination of factors in such a way that some of them may compensate for relatively low qualifications in other factors."

The scoring under the new system is as follows:

—Education and training, 20 units. One unit for each year of schooling or training.

—Personal assessment, 15 units. Adaptability, motivation, initiative and other such qualities as judged by an immigration officer during an interview.

—Occupational demand, 15 units. Based on demand for various skills in Canada, units are assessed according to the demand for the occupation the applicant will follow in Canada.

—Age, ten units. Ten units if the applicant is between 18 and 35—i.e., of draft age—but one unit deducted for each year over 35.

—Arranged employment, ten units: ten units if the applicant has arranged employment in Canada or has received offers on a previous visit.

—Knowledge of French and English, ten units: Five points for each language spoken fluently, with extra points for some knowledge of either.

—Relative, 5 units: granted when the applicant has a relative in Canada willing to sponsor him.

—Employment opportunities in the area of destination, five units: a maximum of five units if the applicant intends to go to an area in Canada where there is a strong demand for labor.

Under the new regulations there is also a new application form. The main change from the old one is the deletion of the question, "Why do you wish to migrate?"



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## Promising Play Devoid Of Symbolistic Meaning

The Robinson Players, under the direction of Miss Schaeffer, are most deserving of our appreciation for bringing a Cocteau drama to Bates. Cocteau was, and his work is still, an important voice in the modern theater. And Cocteau is difficult: He demands a great deal.

The curtain opened on "The Eagle Has Two Heads" to reveal a lavishly beautiful set; it was really Krantz Castle complete with inlaid floor and yards and yards of heavy velvet drapery. And the set for Act II was all this and more; now there was antique furniture, tapestry, carpeting, and even a porcelain stove. Set designers Dave Curtis and Alan Howard deserve much credit; for relatively inexperienced

vity to his character. And Barbara played with him and to him, giving Edith a clear and believable interpretation. When Barbara Bownes entered in the most difficult role of the Queen, she took control of the stage and never lost it. She continued to fascinate with her great variety of expression until the final curtain. John Baraldi as Stanislas, the largest male part, displayed throughout, a well rehearsed interpretation. In Act I he didn't even speak but managed to suggest much about the character of the young poet with his bodily actions alone. Richard Lindo playing Count von Foehn, clearly defined the character of the devious, politically-minded Chief of Po-



Barbara Prentice as Edith and Barbara Bownes as the Queen

reflects a failure of the production from the very beginning to raise this drama from the surface, melodramatic realism to the extraordinary level of Cocteau's theatrical poetry. In Act III, the Queen and Stanislas began to achieve something of the "beings who live above all laws" but Act III was too late. When the Queen and Stanislas have been played as very earth-bound human beings for such a long time, we cannot suddenly accept them as symbolically super-human in the end. And yet as earth-bound human beings, their actions at the end seem without motivation and implausible. We can't really understand why Stanislas commits suicide, and we can't really understand why the Queen drives him to stab her to death. The Queen has never made us see that her "dream is to become a tragedy." Stanislas has never made us see him as the "angel of death." The tone of the production has never allowed us to feel that power of, or understand the meaning of, the Act I line, "The Queen is dead."

I said in the beginning that Cocteau is difficult. And he is. The Robinson Players production fell somewhat short of his demands. But one can learn by being critical only if one is brightly attuned to the merits as well. Bates College is most fortunate to have a dramatic group that has attempted to mount such an ambitious production, and done as much with it as they did.

Richard Gates

## Bowdoin Library Offers Reference Material Loan

The Bowdoin College Library has instituted a new program extending to Bates students and faculty members working on reference and research projects certain interlibrary loan privileges on a trial basis this year.

Persons seeking materials beyond the scope of the Bates collection should contact Assistant Librarian Edward Blount in the reference department of Coram Library. Mr. Blount will provide counsel and arrange interlibrary loan privileges with the Bowdoin library. This service, far beyond the usual provisions of interlibrary loan programs, will make the greater re-

sources of the Bowdoin library available, in most instances, to Bates students with only a 24 hour delay, since daily telephone communication and overnight mailing makes possible prompt service between the two colleges.

Under this program, Bates students are requested to make all reference requests through the Bates library, and any Bates students contacting the Bowdoin library directly will be referred back to Bates for attention to their needs.

The program is an experimental one, seeking ways in which all the library resources in the State may eventually be used more effectively.

## Merris Give First Concert Dec. 11

The new '67-'68 Merimanders, although beginning to look like a girls' glee club, is only one member larger than it was last year. At the beginning of

members, Kerry Heacox '70, Karen Angermann '71, to begin singing with the group immediately, as well as four freshmen, Jaine Almeida, Nan



Standing L to R: Joanne Daniels, Karen Engerman, Jan Mac-Tammany, Jan Moniz, Kerry Heacox, Patty Hodgden, Susanne Driscoll, Myra Treash.

Seated L to R: Leslie Tarrio, Jane Almeida, Melanie Kocima, Nan Ciano

the year the six remaining Meris, Joanne Daniels '68, Suzanne Driscoll '68, Jan Mac-Tammany '68, Myra Treash '68, Patty Hodgden '69, and Jan Moniz '70, decided that the group needed at least one more member, but since so much talent appeared at try-outs, they took in two new, Ciano, Melanie Kocima, and

Leslie Tarrio, to replace our graduating seniors next year.

They will give their first on-campus concert at the Women's Council Christmas Banquet on December 11. With the new members' fresh talent and enthusiasm added to the old members' talent and experience, the Merimanders are looking forward to a really good year.

Patty Hodgden



David Riese as Felix and Barbara Prentice as Edith

workers, this set had real class. And Mrs. Norman West created an exquisite array of costumes that were at home in Krantz.

Barbara Prentice as Edith and David Riese as Felix revealed at the beginning of Act I that long and careful work had been done with the acting. They established a subtlety of gestures, glances, and intonations that all the players would maintain throughout the drama. Nothing happened by chance; everything had been planned, timed, and practiced for effective execution. David held the audience completely as he delivered his long "I have seen the Queen's face" speech with deep sensitiv-

lice. And Ramesh Shah as the deaf mute, Tony, was a bundle of intensity and smooth body expression. There were moments when strong emotions flared without understandable development, but these were minor. On the whole, the acting was unified, even captivating.

But there was something very basically Cocteau that was disturbingly absent. In Act II, Stanislas and the Queen embrace, Stanislas looks at the Queen and says, "Now is the time when I should kill you", and the audience laughs. This is one of the most shocking, and terrifying lines of the entire play, and laughter here seems inappropriate. I think it

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### C. A. CHILDREN'S PARTY

The annual Christmas party for underprivileged children in the Lewiston area will be held in the Co-ed Lounge Thursday, December 7, between 4 and 5:15. Anyone who wants to get in the Christmas spirit before finals, drop in! Help give a better Christmas to some less fortunate children.

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## EDITORIALS

### SPECTATOR RATING DROPS

During the soccer season, the captains of the soccer and basketball teams requested that the crowd direct their enthusiasm and support to positive channels. This stemmed from an incident specifically during the game with Bridgeport, but has been an increasing problem and embarrassment for the teams and the athletic department for some time.

We are now beginning the basketball season. The letter from the Eastern College Athletic Conference shows that in the last two years our rating for spectator sportsmanship has dropped from 85th to 159th.

The captains stated in their letter that they felt that harassment and jeering the opposition could definitely be detrimental to the outcome of the games.

In the close confines of the Alumni Gymnasium, almost any remark can be heard by all. While this is partially the fault of the construction of the building, it becomes the duty of any truly enthused spectator to ensure his remarks offer encouragement to our team and not lessen our chances of victory.

### EXPRESSION OF ENTHUSIASM

On Tuesday the Ambassador from Brazil held a press conference with the student newspapers of Maine. It was an unusual experience for Bates to have a dignitary of such note visit the campus.

We are often fortunate, however, to engage speakers in other areas of concentration, mainly the sciences, usually through a professional association.

The response to the relatively unpublicized press conference surprised many of the participants, including the Ambassador, who expressed his pleasure at the number of students who came to hear him. Most of those who came found the experience well worth the effort.

It is difficult to obtain men of this calibre on a regular basis. But the enthusiasm shown by the students in receiving this one dignitary indicated that Bates should try as part of its academic structure, to invite interesting and contemporary men to speak on campus more often.

### AN IMMEDIATE CONCERN

We have been told that the calendar for the school year is under study. We can accept that the adoption of a long term and relatively permanent system should be the subject of much study. But the administration must also be aware that presently students are forced to operate under the cramped, unequal, uncoordinated, and often impossible system that is now in effect.

It is our prime goal here to get the best education possible. This is often not possible when the 'learning' that is skimmed, at best, by the students surpasses any consideration other than cramming for an exam. Tests, papers, oral talks, and labs are all due, mainly because of the number of courses required and the totally inadequate time allowed, during the same two weeks at the end of semester. This period coincides with the time that should be spent reviewing for finals, rather than writing endless term papers which often cannot be given adequate consideration by instructors who are just as pressed for time as the student.

We are not suggesting that a crash program produce a vaguely acceptable alternative. But there must be a calendar and course load change adopted in the near future which allows the student to consider what he is taught, rather than throw back without thought exactly what has been dictated in class.

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letters to the editor . . . . . letters to the editor . . . . .  
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### LETTER POLICY

**Ed. Note:** The STUDENT cannot print unsigned letters. Names will be withheld from publication at the request of the writer, but a name must accompany any letter if it is to be printed.

### Necessary Competition

To the Editor:

Due to the recent bickering by the faculty and students over the Vietnam war, I feel the urge to add my two cents lest I be guilty of that horrid "crime of silence." I should first like to observe, in reference to much of what has been said recently concerning the war that it brings to mind a wise saying—"Better to remain silent and be thought a fool than to open your mouth and remove all doubt."

I must caution the reader to avoid snap judgments, for this would be as foolish as to assume the United States is waging a war of inhuman aggression without moral or ideological argument not in accordance with our democratic traditions. (After all, does this not assume that if the "proper" moral and/or ideological arguments were found, a "human" war in accordance with our democratic traditions could be waged in all good conscience?). I ask the reader to consider the concept that war may very well be a fundamental aspect of human beings. Man needs war, consciously or unconsciously, as a form of ultimate competition. War is a game played by man which he seems to enjoy—whether or not it results in his ultimate annihilation is irrelevant. Man derives a sense of purpose, a reason for being, something intrinsic to his existence from war.

One would have a most difficult time defending from an historical point of view the idea that war is inhuman; on the contrary, I submit that war is as much a part of man as is sex. Acknowledging the existence of this concept does not allow one to avoid taking a stand on Vietnam. What it does do is strip away the false, idealistic notions many seem to have concerning the war, communism (as it is practiced today), and the United States.

Those viewing the Vietnam situation from the rose-colored windows of that venerable ivory tower known as the academic establishment will be in for somewhat of a shock to learn that the world does not operate on such contrived concepts as idealism and moral absolutes. It thus seems apparent that such precepts are not relevant to Vietnam. One must be willing to face realities, such as the reasons why we are in Vietnam, the ultimate goal of communism, and the consequences of hiding behind visionary, ethereal principalities, and moralities.

The goal to which Communists today are dedicated is the domination of the world and the triumph of communism over all other forms of government, regardless of the means employed. We are in Vietnam 1) to stop communist aggression and prevent the overthrow of the South Vietnamese government; 2) to avoid what is stated by the "domino" theory concerning Southeast Asia, and 3) indirectly, because of self-preservation; this is a lesson to the world that the United States abides by its commitments and follows through on what it believes right.

In addition to pursuing these goals militarily, I believe all efforts should be made to bring the Vietnam situation to the United Nations. To date, all such attempts have been thwarted by Russia because, as North Vietnam is not a member of the United Nations, she feels this is not a matter for United Nations consideration. If this is all that is restraining U. N. action in Vietnam, then let us do our utmost to bring North Vietnam into the United Nations. (It seems obvious that in order for the U. N. to be an effective peace keeping force, the goals of Russia and the United States must be parallel.) The U. N. should then declare a cease-fire and organize a referendum on self-government in South Vietnam. The United States, North Vietnam, and South Vietnam would be expected to abide by the outcome. Until such U. N. intervention is achieved, however, the United States must continue on its present course, escalating if necessary, until North Vietnam agrees to negotiate a peaceful settlement.

Richard Goldstein

### War Generates Debate

Letter to the Editor:

I have been quite interested in the debate over Vietnam that has finally appeared on this campus. Many have written letters, and many more have discussed this issue with friends and members of the faculty. But I believe that most of those entering into this discussion have missed a basic point, one both larger and more important than the war in Vietnam itself. The war, it seems to me, has served the members of our generation well because it has generated debate about morality in general and about the morality of war in particular. Some, only a few to be sure, have expressed to me their intention to refuse to serve in the army if this war, which they consider immoral, continues. I address my comments to these individuals and to those like them who are prepared to go to jail rather than fight an immoral war.

To these people I say all wars are immoral and the army itself at all times is an immoral institution. You refuse to serve in the army because you would be forced to

kill when you are not sure if killing in this case is moral. But all killing is immoral and must be avoided. The army has the right to order one of its members to kill anyone whom the army considers to be an enemy. Once we are a part of the army, we are slaves and by our act of submission to it have forfeited all freedom. I say, therefore, that the army itself, no matter where it is or what war it is fighting, is immoral. We must not become so involved with a particular war that we lose sight of the basic immorality of all wars and of the army qua army. If peace comes in Vietnam, we must still say no to the army. We must still affirm that we will not fight in an immoral war which means, since all wars are immoral, that we will not fight at any time or anywhere. We must say no to the army when it demands the right to order us to kill anyone anywhere, since all killing is immoral. With hearts filled with love and with joy of life, we must reject all machines of death.

My point is, therefore, simply this: the war in Vietnam may awaken in us a sense of the immorality of war and of killing, but we must make sure that this sense does not die in us when this temporary war ends. Out of evil will come good if we develop the feelings of horror that comes from this war. But if we fail to realize and understand that which this war is showing us so clearly, than all the lives lost in that war will have been sacrificed for nothing.

Jeffrey Raff

### COMING EVENTS

**Thursday, December 7**  
Vespers, Chapel, 9:30-10 p.m.

**Friday, December 8**  
(and Saturday, December 9)  
Rob Players Movie, "The Red Shoes," a full length ballet based on a story by Hans Christian Anderson. Friday at 8 p.m.; Saturday at 2 p.m.

**Saturday, December 9**  
Chase Hall Dance

**Sunday, December 10**  
Chapel, Professor Harold Beck, Professor of Old Testament, Boston University Theology School

**Monday and Tuesday, December 11 and 12**  
No cut days

**Thursday, December 14-Thursday, December 21**  
Final Exams

**Saturday, December 16**  
Rob Players Movie "My Little Chickadee," a film class with W. C. Fields and Ma West. 7 and 9 p.m.

**Thursday, December 21—Tuesday, January 2**  
Christmas vacation

**Wednesday, January 3**  
Classes resume

## COLLEGE GRADS TO COMPOSE OVER HALF OF '68 INDUCTEES

Continued from Page 1  
inducted by the beginning of the next college year could enroll for further graduate study. These men would be subject to induction at any time during the academic year without any real prospect of a deferment to finish the year's study.

Projected figures indicate that the 12-month period beginning July, 1968, between half and two thirds of all men inducted into the armed forces will be college graduates or will have had some study beyond their bachelor degree. The result of this will be that a majority of those inducted will be considerably older than the age group most desired by the armed forces.

### Possible Alternates

There are possible alternatives to the problem. The draft statute provides that on the advice of the National Security Council other fields of study, in addition to medicine, may become eligible for deferment. Deferment would be granted on the grounds that such fields are necessary to the maintenance of national health, safety, or interest. The American Council of Education does not feel that the designation of certain fields of study as in desperate and demonstrable short supply would arouse much controversy. The Council does admit that the broader the fields of deferment, the greater is the likelihood of controversy such as was prevalent last year on the whole subject of graduate draft deferments.

Another alternative under existing regulations would be for the Department of Defense to request the Selective Service to produce a given ratio of 9 to 1 of 19 year-old men to older men. The rule of drafting the oldest first would still apply to both age groups. For the older induction group, the order of induction would be based on the year of birth. For the 19 year-olds, induction would be based on month and date of birth. This method of selection would provide the services with a desirable age-mix, and would give men in both groups some indication of the possibility of their induction.

### Possible New Law

A final possibility is a new draft law, such as the often discussed random selection system. Under this system a prime age group, age 19, would be selected. Those who had passed age 19 without serving in the armed forces, and who were no longer eligible for student deferment, would be treated as 19 year-olds and placed in the pool with the actual 19 year-olds. If draft needs remain fairly consistent, this would mean that approximately one man out of every four in the pool would be inducted. In other words, 25% of eligible 19-year-olds not enrolled in college, and 25% of the older men, mostly college graduates, would probably be called. All those not inducted at age 19 and receiving student deferments, would still be subject to call in subsequent years as their deferments end. The likelihood of their induction would decline each year as a new group of 19 year-olds became eligible for the draft or lost their II-S deferments.

# Military Reforms Proposed, All Volunteer Army Possible

By WALTER GRANT  
Collegiate Press Service

Although Congress has extended the draft for four more years, the Selective Service System still may become a campaign issue in next year's Presidential election.

It is highly doubtful that either the Democratic or Republican candidate will pledge to abolish the draft at this time. But it appears likely that one or both parties will propose a number of reforms in the military system which, among other things, may be aimed at reducing draft calls to zero.

Such reforms would be designed to encourage more young people to volunteer for the Army by making military service appear more attractive. The most important reform would be to raise the military pay scale so that it begins at the minimum wage level of civilian rates.

Chances that increased pay for soldiers will be a campaign issue were boosted last week when a Gallup poll showed that eight out of ten persons favor such a plan. When an issue has such wide spread voter appeal, Presidential candidates are not likely to ignore it.

The proposal also is becoming more popular in Congress. Twenty-two Republican House members recently issued a joint statement advocating certain military reforms, including an increased pay scale, as a way of reducing draft calls and putting the armed forces on a volunteer basis.

The House already has taken the initial step by passing a 5-6 per cent increase in basic pay for the nation's 3.5 million military servicemen. The bill, which would cost about \$633 million in the first year, is expected to receive positive action in the Senate.

The big question is whether

or not more young people will volunteer for the military. Congress and the Pentagon increase the benefits for military personnel. Most observers agree that military reforms will result in an increased number of volunteers, but there is disagreement over whether there would be enough new volunteers to end draft calls.

At least five Congressmen think an all-volunteer army is indeed possible if the right improvements are made. Their ideas appear in a book entitled, "How to End The Draft" which was published this month.

The Congressmen list 31 specific recommendations in what they say is "the first effort to define systematically a specific program of action which can lead to an all-volunteer service and the elimination of draft calls." They believe that if their recommendations are followed, an all-volunteer service is possible within two to five years. The estimated total maximum cost is 3.96 billion dollars a year.

Authors of the book are Republicans Robert T. Stafford, Frank J. Horton, Richard S. Schweiker, Garner E. Shriver, and Charles W. Whalen, Jr. They emphasize they are not advocating that the Selective Service System be abolished, but are merely recommending reforms which "individually and collectively can work to reduce the size of draft calls, hopefully down to zero," even under present circumstances.

But, says Douglas F. Bailey, research director for the five Congressmen, "if escalation of the war continued, resulting in the need for more servicemen, there would still have to be some draft. I don't think we could get that many to volunteer. But I think this plan will be effective in ending the draft under the present situation and particularly under

real peace-time circumstances."

Many of the recommendations require no Congressional action and could be implemented immediately by the Department of Defense.

The major proposal needing legislative action involves military pay increases. "As long as beginning servicemen get paid less than the minimum wage required by law, there is no hope of ever getting rid of the draft," Rep. Stafford says. "If military pay scales are not made commensurate with civilian pay scales, many young men who may wish to serve may not do so for they cannot afford to make the financial sacrifice."

Bailey predicts that legislation necessary to encourage an all-volunteer service "will either be passed next year or in 1969 under a Republican President and a new Congress."

One problem he feels is that President Johnson will not want to endorse the proposals since they are being pushed by Republicans. But he thinks Johnson will push for them anyway if and when he feels it will be to his political advantage. And Bailey thinks that all the potential Republican candidates for President will endorse the proposals and strive for an all-volunteer service.

In addition to reforming the pay scale, the five Congressmen are suggesting a new program of retirement benefits, expanded educational programs, a higher and fixed recruitment advertising budget, and expansion of a program to replace some noncombat uniformed personnel with civilians.

They also recommend requirements that standards of acceptability for voluntary enlistment not be more difficult than they are for the draft. (At the present time, in both the areas of mental and "moral" standards, it is possible to be unacceptable for voluntary enlistment but to be drafted nonetheless.)

The proposals of the Republican Congress could provide the basis for a major issue in the GOP platform. And if polls continue to indicate the overwhelming majority of the voters favor the plan, President Johnson and the Democrats may be forced to respond in some way.

### ART DEPARTMENT

The Art Department has arranged a pre-Christmas sale of original graphics by master artists which will be held in Chase Hall, Monday, December 11, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. in the Co-ed Lounge. The firm of David Tunic Graphics will handle the display and sale of the art works.


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# WHAT YOUTH WANTS TO KNOW

We have recently discovered a book we feel no Bates reading list should be without — **Youth Deserves to Know**, by B. Curtis Jones (The MacMillan Co., N.Y., 1958). Consequently, we present a brief review here of some of the book's major points, which are all of critical concern to college students.

First, on drinking, Jones realizes the temptation to drink which inebriates every college campus. But he maintains that the hazards of intoxication far outnumber the pleasures, and suggests that one can instead get "drunk without drinking."

**Drunk Without Drinking**  
"Fortunately, we can have all the joy and pleasure drinking seems to provide without ever touching a drop of liquor. As Upton Sinclair puts it: 'All my life, I have been drunk with the intoxicating wonders of good books. With the right book, the world is yours; it waits by your bedside, at your con-

venience . . . you can fly to the farthest galaxies and penetrate the infinite minuteness of the atomic nucleus; you can go inside your own body; you can go to Heaven with the saints and to Hell with Dante.'

"Who wants a drink?" (p. 43)  
If Bates students would only take advantage of the excellent books in our own library, they too could get "drunk" without drinking."

We also discovered in this short but succinct book that Bates is not the only college existing with 19th century morals. Consider this quote from page 51, and you will see that Bates is no more strict than most good colleges:

**19th Century Morals**  
"An educator of another Southern school made this comment, 'One practice that disturbs many of us is that of students returning from dates engaging in close embraces and prolonged kisses in front of the entrances to the women's dormitories just be-

fore the closing hour.'"

Perhaps now, you will understand that our professors are only doing their duties. No handbook to the college student would be complete without a section devoted to sex, and Jones offers some especially good advice to the tempted: "It may be that you have already experienced premarital intercourse and that you are frightened. Permit me to say this: If you are on good terms with your parents, talk with them. Tell them the whole story. Share your problem with a minister. Consult a good physician . . . As we have seen, sex is sacred. Our glands belong to God. What is done in the dark will be revealed in the light." (p. 52-53)

Among the other subjects Jones deals with are Life, Marriage, Work, Security, Honesty, Freedom, People, and Thinking. If you have been looking for a guide to forming your adult character, we recommend **Youth Deserves To Know** as a capable starter.

**Vietnamese Army from Page 2**  
of the toiling people, workers, and peasants. As regards social composition, it comprises a great majority of picked fighters of peasant and worker origin, and intellectuals faithful to the cause of the Revolution. It is the true army of the people, of toilers, the army of workers and peasants."

One may disagree with General Giap about the existence of democracy in North Vietnam, but for those who have been in the VPA it is no doubt that it is an army which reserves a great deal of time to discussing problems and solutions within the ranks of soldiers and commanders.

Unlike the South Vietnamese army (ARVN), the VPA is an army which had met with victory and which had years of experience in fighting both conventional and guerilla warfare. Unlike the ARVN, it is commanded by revolutionaries whose personal life are marked by dedication and austerity. They are the same people who in the 1940's lived in the jungles, the same people who fought side by side with President Ho Chi Minh and General Vo Nguyen Giap. It is an extremely united army.

Above all, the VPA faithfully reflects the traditional peasant-soldier principle of the Vietnamese army and at the present moment, the cooperatives and the state farms in North Vietnam are joint peasant-soldier enterprises.

**The Road South**  
What happens to the soldiers of the VPA when they move along the Ho Chi Minh trail to fight in the South? According to a Pentagon source, there are now between 45,000 to 48,000 of them in the South. I do not think that they have any serious difficulty in adjusting themselves for two main reasons:

1. In 1954 when Vietnam was divided at the 17th parallel, nearly 100,000 Vietminh soldiers and political cadre who fought in the South of the 17th parallel against the French went North. There they were trained at the Xuan Mai Training Center (Ha Dong province about seven miles

north of Hanoi) under the supervision of the 338th Brigade commanded by General To Ky. Not all of them are now in the South.

2. For most of the people in the North, the South is part of Vietnam and even if they are not physically familiar with the South, they are emotionally identified with the South. Unification of the country is the main driving force among the soldiers of the VPA. The leaders of the government and the army of North Vietnam are revolutionaries with a strong sense of historical mission. Although communists, they constantly talked about the heroism of their people and the glory of their rugged fatherland. They believe in their historically just cause. And to them, there are no differences between the Chinese and the Mongolians of the past, the French of yesterday, and the Americans of today.

Do the leaders of the VPA understand the U. S. power? They do, I am sure, but they are convinced of the rightness of their cause.

In an interview with Mr. Jacques Decornoy, correspondent of Le Monde, in Hanoi in December 1966, General Vo Nguyen Giap, after having analyzed the strategies and tactics of the U. S. command in South Vietnam said: "The U. S. leaders said that they want a political solution, but they try to solve the problem by a military victory. The U. S. will cease its aggressive course only when it is forced to do so. We are not going to back down before sacrifices, for we have the conviction that the sacrifices we consent in this war of national resistance which is sacred to us will insure independence and liberty to our country and conditions of normal development of our people. In doing so, we also defend peace in Southeast Asia and in the world. The best way to defend peace is to discourage aggression."

The last sentence sounds like a statement from the U. S. State Department. The difference is that the U.S. is fighting in Vietnam and the VPA is not invading California.

## GUIDANCE

A recent communication from the Choate School in Wallingford, Connecticut, contains the following information:

Three years ago, in cooperation with the Office of Teacher Training at Yale, we established the Yale-Choate Fellowship for teachers with the intention of attracting able college seniors into the field of secondary school teaching. The responses from graduates of colleges throughout the country have been encouraging, and we have talked to many candidates with excellent qualifications.

This September, two Fellows returned to Choate with their M.A.T. degrees to become regular members of our faculty. Another fellow is currently studying in the Mathematics Department at Yale.

Anyone interested should immediately contact Mr. P. Gordon Stillman, Assistant Headmaster at Choate.

### CAREER OPPORTUNITIES FOR SENIOR WOMEN

A recent letter from the Harvard Personnel Office indicates that they will probably not be recruiting on the Bates campus during 1968.

Any women interested in the Boston Medical area or the Cambridge campus are encouraged to contact: Mrs. Dorothea W. Thomas, Personnel

Assistant for the Medical Area, Harvard University, 25 Shattuck Street, Boston, Mass. 02115.

Miss Judith W. Hill, Employment Supervisor, Personnel Department, Harvard University, 75 Mt. Auburn Street, Cambridge, Mass. 02138.

### Careers in Springfield, Mass.

"Careers in Springfield" is a unique program for providing an introduction to career opportunities with Greater Springfield area companies for Springfield area college students.  
On December 27 and 28, representatives of Springfield area businesses will interview students in the Dexter Room, Woods Hall, at Springfield College as prospective employees.

Students will receive information on the participating companies for the program on the day of interviewing. There are no fees or obligations for participating students.

For further information, call or write "Careers in Springfield" Program, c/o Joint Civic Agencies, Inc., 134 Chestnut Street, Springfield, Massachusetts.

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just received a brochure describing the qualifications for people interested in careers in bank examining in the state of New York. A number of test sites are given in the brochure for a qualifying test to be given February 3, 1968. Anyone interested may consult the brochure in the Placement Office.

### Seniors—Career Opportunities

A recent communication from Bamberger's, a New Jersey division of R. H. Macy & Co., reported the following information:

Although it is not possible for us to visit your campus for recruitment, Bamberger's will have representation at the New York Chamber of Commerce Career Opportunity Conference at the Hotel Biltmore in New York City from December 26 to 29 inclusive. Should any students be in New York during the Christmas vacation, we would welcome the opportunity to discuss our organization with them.



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# Text of the Brazilian Ambassador's Student Press Conference

## Alliance Should Adjust U. S. Image

In American foreign policy toward South America, there has always been a Big Brother attitude. Do you think this attitude has changed under recent administrations?

"The image of the United States in Latin America is generally good. In smaller countries of Latin America, where they are aware of the vastness of American Enterprises, there may have been a general feeling of overbearance . . . but not in Brazil. There is no American Enterprise which dominates Brazilian agriculture. I feel that the position of Big Brother stems not from his intentions; but from the fact that he is physically a Big Brother and therefore occupies a lot of space and probably treads on some toes. But I think that with the Alliance for Progress, there should be an adjustment of the correct image of the U.S. in the minds of the people of our countries."

## Two Political Parties Facilitate Legislation

Since the Brazilian Revolution of 1964 there has been considerable criticism of the military dominated government. It has been reported that a new unofficial party, headed by former president Kubitschek and Goulart has been created. Could you comment.

"The Constitution as reformed by Congress last January, provides only for the existence of two parties, i.e. the Renovation Revolutionary Action Party, which supports the government, and the Brazilian Democratic Movement. The unofficial party is not exactly a trend as far as their leaders have defined it. It is a kind of action grouping which would be able to cut across party lines and would therefore be able to count on support not only from members of the present-day opposition party, but eventually from members of the party which supports the government. The government attitude is that this

cannot be a party, and therefore, it cannot be registered with the electoral tribunal as a party. This is because the constitution for the time being permits only the existence of these 2 parties. What is possible to surmise is that gradually, those members of the opposition party who are desirous of altering the constitution by a new vote in Congress authorizing the creation of at least one other party, as there used to be before the constitutional reform, may finally, in the future, come to fruition. When I say a third party as there used to be, I don't mean there was **only** a third party. There were too many splinter parties besides the 3 principal parties. These 3 parties, plus all the splinter parties, were suppressed and merged into 2 major parties because we felt that the major party system, such as you have here, would facilitate the working of the legislature and an understanding between the legislative branch and the executive branch of the government. This would eliminate the continuous shifting of majorities which is the product of too many small parties in the Congress."

## Racial Inter-marriage Slowed Discrimination

It was only in 1888 that Brazil abolished slavery, yet apparently you do not have a civil rights problem like that in the United States. Would you comment on America's civil rights problem in light of Brazil's solution to the problems of a multi-racial population.

"It's difficult for me to comment on the United States' civil rights problem in relation to Brazil, since the two problems stem from different origins. The discovery of Brazil was made in 1500 and colonization was begun in 1530, when the country was divided into a dozen captaincies along the coast. The Portuguese navigators and those who went with them took very few wives with them, if any at all. They established relations with the Indians and married many Indian women. So from the beginning, there was no

reluctance on the part of the Portuguese to intermarry with the local tribes. Because the Indians were not good at tilling the soil, basically they were hunters and fishermen, they began to import slaves from Africa. Thus, the Portuguese and their descendants mingled with the Indians. The situation, therefore, never gave rise to any kind of discrimination or objection to intermarriage between the 3 different races which formed Brazil."

## Student Organizations Too Politically Oriented

Are the Brazilian communications media allowed freedom of expression?

"Yes, but there are certain restrictions on television and radio. If they create disorders or promote immorality, they can have their license cancelled. They police themselves.

"As far as the students go, they have entire freedom of expression. What did happen during Castelo Branco's government was that we closed the student union in Rio de Janeiro and altered legislation regarding the formation of student bodies, because instead of taking an essential interest in matters dealing with student life, they were organized in such a fashion that their sole activity was political agitation. Naturally, the Minister of Education understood that that was not to the best interests of the student body. But that has now been corrected by legislation through Congress and the student body has been reformed in another fashion, but with free possibility of expression.

## Brazilian Opinion

### Divided On Vietnam

What is South American opinion of United States policy in Vietnam?

Brazil public opinion is divided very much as it is divided here. Some of us, and usually they are the majority of the country, feel that is correct for the United States to be living up to its engagements. On the other hand, those who have differing opinions about the matter are a bit nonplussed about the fact that you are fighting Communism 10,000 miles away from your shores and yet you have done nothing about fighting it in Cuba, which is ninety miles from Key West. And then others just aren't in favor of the United States because they are always against the rich uncle anyway.

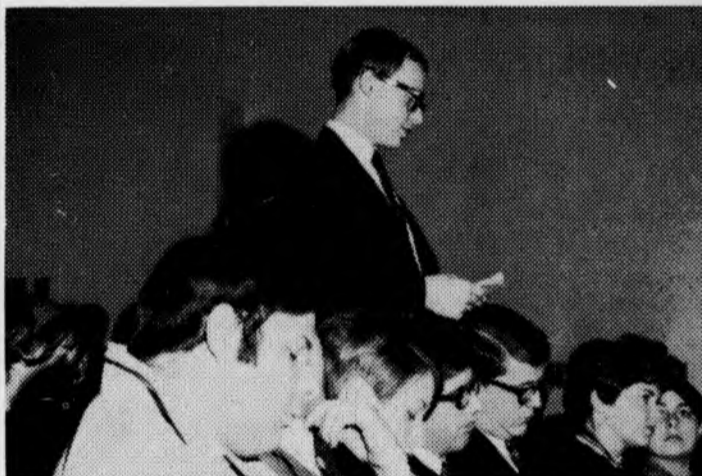
## PEACE CORPS IS MOST EFFECTIVE

### MEANS OF CONVEYING U. S. INTENT

Do you feel that the gravitation of the United States toward "People-to-people assistance" is proving more attractive to the citizens of Latin America, particularly limited to your own country, and especially considering the Alliance for Progress and the Peace Corps?

"I think so . . . There is no doubt about it that through bureaucratic channels, however competent they are, you don't get the touch with the people as you do with these people-to-people activities, such as the Partners for Progress and this very friendly and useful activity which is called

the Peace Corps. The Peace Corps, I think, has done more for the understanding of the common man in Brazil of what the United States means, than any other official activity, however well carried out and concentrated. To begin with, official activity is always carried out between officials on one side and officials on the other side. It's just bureaucratic because it has to be bureaucratic. It is a relationship between technicians and people. I think that this approach is the correct approach, and will certainly reap great rewards."



David Dykstra questions the Ambassador

## JUNE WAR OF GREAT INTEREST TO BRAZILIAN JEWRY, ARABS

With the conflict of the June War in the Middle East this summer and the current disturbance in Cyprus, there is often raised the question as to the extent, if any, of Soviet influence or interference in catalyzing these reactions. To what extent does the Soviet influence play a role in undermining Latin American politics?

"The Middle East problem certainly affected the public opinion of Brazil very much more than the Vietnamese question, and one of the reasons why it did is that we have a very numerous population of both Arabs, principally Lebanese and Syrians, and Jews, and not only Jews who have recently come to Brazil during World War II from Germany, but also Brazilians of Jewish origin. So these two groups were very much affected by the war of June, and in the beginning, they themselves joined hands in asking the Brazilian government to help find a solution for this very unpleasant and unfortunate conflict in the Middle East.

"The question of the influence of Soviet policy in Cyprus and the Middle East is different from the question of their policy toward Latin America.

Regarding Latin America, I have seen a shift in Soviet policy, perhaps due to a better understanding of the consequences of certain actions on their part. In this, they distinguish themselves from the Chinese and Castro and the Communists in Cuba because they are not favoring the violent subversion tactics. This is because they have probably come to the conclusion that violent subversion tactics in countries like Brazil will produce a contrary reaction and therefore will entrench the status quo instead of contributing to its overthrow. They were much more favorable towards a kind of Goulart system which was playing into their hands through promoting inflation, through promoting disaffection towards the free enterprise system, and through promoting a disaffection with free democratic institutions. It is much easier for them to surreptitiously gain power through their elements when they have a government of that kind than when they try to provoke an open subversion, as in the case of guerrilla warfare, in which they would provoke a contrary reaction of the majority of the people."



Ambassador Leitao da Cunha speaks with seminar



## PRESS CONFERENCE, CON'T

### BRAZIL FINDS BOTH PARTIES CONGENIAL

Would you comment on your government's reactions to the upcoming election in the United States in terms of policies in foreign affairs that your government would like to see the next administration revise or adopt?

"The Brazilian government is much too wise to meddle in another government's affairs. There was a certain tendency during the war and after the war in Latin America to think that friends of the Latin American countries were only to be found in the Democratic Party. But the real fact is that both parties in North America have always cultivated the friendship of countries south of the border."

### Pele Is Universally Understood Symbol

How have you been received in other countries?

"People everywhere have shown an interest in Brazil. They are curious about my country, maybe because of its mysterious geography.

"There is one kind of activity in which the people both here and there (the Soviet Union) are immediately informed, and that is sports. One day I was traveling in the Russian steppe in a foreign car (foreign cars in Russia cause an enormous success because people in villages stop to look at them), and on my car there was a Brazilian flag. There were about 20 people around looking at the car, and then one of them looked at the flag and said "Brazil"; he recognized the colors. Then the others said "Brazil," and they shouted, "Pele." My conclusion is that the only Brazilian

Continued from page 1

secondary school principals from Bangor and Augusta. Plans have also been formulated for groups to consider possibilities of exchange on the undergraduate level and among faculty.

The Ambassador has a long history of service, both national and international, to his country. Perhaps the most important of these have been his position as Ambassador to Havana during the fall of the Batista government, and as Ambassador to Moscow and Brussels. His connections through these assignments have enabled him to meet with General Eisenhower, General de Gaulle, and Fidel Castro. These positions and acquaintances with international powers gave him a working knowledge of situations facing the world today.

that is long the subject of discussion and who's prestige is out of the question is Pele, who is supposed to be the champion soccer player of the world."

### Brazil Wanted Consensus Army To Keep Peace

In the Punte del Este Conference last spring Brazil and Argentina were rumored to be favorable to a permanent, multi-lateral peacekeeping force. Is Brazil still favorable toward this multi-lateral peace-keeping force?

"When the Dominican Crisis was in full swing and the peace force was sent to the Dominican Republic, the Brazilian government suggested the creation of this Inter-American peace force, not as a standing army, as many of its opponents imagined, but as earmarked units in different countries ready to be called for a common action. But even that force was objected to by a majority of the countries of Latin America so the result was that the Brazilian government and the Argentine government never pressed for a vote on this matter because they thought that this peace force should be the result of a consensus of the countries in Latin America, and not something which is to be taken by a majority vote."

### CHASE HALL DANCE COMMITTEE SEEKS NEW MEMBERS

Chase Hall Dance Committee needs new members. All those students, especially sophomores and freshmen, interested in becoming members of the Chase Hall Committee should contact any Committee member or attend the open

## Ad Board Aids Costello Room Renovations

This week the Ad Board gave support to a plan by President Reynolds to renovate the Costello Room. At present, the Costello Room is rarely used, and then only by various clubs and organizations on campus. The President and the Ad Board wish to see the room made more comfortable and pleasant.

The plans for changing the room were drawn by an interior decorator and include wall-to-wall carpeting, paneled walls, walnut pedestal tables, two chandeliers, and linen curtains, all coordinated in warm colors. Working on the Costello Room project were Ellie Feld, Stephanie Yonkers, and Jerry Grossman.

The Ad Board recently completed its report recommending reception hours in the men's dormitories. This report is in the process of being approved by the members and will be presented to President Reynolds in January.

The Ski Club, previously aided by financial support from the Ad Board, is now a varsity team. This year, the Board has given \$200 to both the Hockey Club and Beecher's Bibles, the Rifle Club. This money will help until they attain varsity status.

Due to its many projects, the Ad Board is in need of more working members. Many of its members are the heads of various organizations on campus and thus unable to devote much time to the projects of the Ad Board. And there is too much work for the other members to do alone. To help fulfill this need, the Board has decided to hire a secretary on a trial basis. This will enable the present student secretary to take a more active part in the meetings and projects.

meetings which are held in 200 Pettigrew, Mondays at 4:30.

### ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATION IN N. H.

Last Monday anti-draft demonstrations took place in cities scattered across the nation. Twenty-one persons were arrested in Manchester, New Hampshire when demonstrators scuffled with police at an armed forces induction center. Three anti-war demonstrators

burned what they said were draft cards in a demonstration at the University of Wisconsin in Madison. In Chicago, some 300 pickets marched at the U.S. Courthouse in protest to the draft. No Bates students took part in these recent demonstrations.

### FEARFUL OR HATEFUL PEOPLE "REASON" THIS IS JUSTICE OR PATRIOTISM

While the big shots are shooting each other Rip Van Winkle is sleeping it out, while the bombers are blowing up bridges the farmer's wife is preparing some rice; now there is no Sleepy Hollow, the wide open spaces of despair have the noise of jets, somebody's sleep is filled with overkill and the children in the liberated village are burned.

John Tagliabue

## BATES SPECTATORS DROP IN BASKETBALL RATING

The following letter has been sent to Dr. Lloyd Lux regarding the conduct of students and faculty at recent and past athletic events. Earlier the Student published a letter from the captains of the soccer and basketball teams voicing their hopes that enthusiasm would be directed into positive channels as harassment of opponents and officials may harm the team.

The Student-Faculty Committee on Student Conduct has released this letter in the light of the approaching basketball season in order that students may understand exactly how the Bates stands rate among Eastern Colleges.

Following is the text of the letter from the Eastern College Athletic Conference:

The Eastern College Athletic Conference as you know has been supporting a Basketball Spectator Code for the past two years. The resultant improvement in spectator

sportsmanship has been quite noticeable at many colleges.

For your interest and possibly for use in motivating your student body to better conduct, the following figures are being submitted. They represent the ranking of your institution by the Collegiate Basketball Officials Association during the past two years in the matter of general conduct of and at your basketball games.

1965-66, number of colleges rated, 184; Your Rating, 85th.

1966-67, Number of Colleges rated, 198; Your Rating, 159th.

Your coaches, players, and student leaders are your best salesman.

A similar notice is now being sent to each athletic director whose college receives basketball officiating assignments through the ECAC office.

Albert W. Twitchell  
Chairman

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P-CN-65

# CAGERS SET FOR EXCITING SEASON

By Dave Carlson

The 1967-68 basketball season gets underway tonight when the Bobcats take on Merrimack in the Alumni Gymnasium. The outlook seems bright and Coach Wigton is very optimistic about the prospect of this year's squad.

Sparking this year's team will be Captain Jim Alden, and Marc Schulkin, a pair of 5' 11" senior backcourtmen with plenty of speed, hustle and desire. Schulkin, an all-state selection last season, has fine moves, a good shot, and is also a steady ball-handler. Alden, chief playmaker and team leader, can also score well and play really tough defense. Backing up Jimmy and Marc at guard is Ira Mahakian, another 5' 11" senior. Ira has great hustle and exceptional quickness; he should see plenty of action. Bruce Lutz, a soph, and football qb Jim Murphy, a junior, are the team's alternate guards.

The experience of the backcourt is complimented by youth in the forecourt. Danny Weaver, a 6' 4" soph, will man one corner post and 6' 2" Donnie Geissler, also a soph, will start opposite him. Weaver is very strong off the boards

while Geis has the good speed, which should really help the fast break. Alternating at forward will be 6' 3" Duke Pickard, a senior, and Tom Kolodziej, a powerful 6' 3" freshman.

In the pivot is lanky 6' 8" freshman Tim Colby, who has amazing agility and a great knack for blocking shots. Behind Tim is another tall freshman, 6' 5" Jeff Thompson.

On paper the team looks really good. Returning are eight lettermen, who along with the big freshmen, should form a fine overall unit. In pre-season scrimmage the Cats have downed Lowell Tech 85-83 and Framington St. 105-84. The offense has looked exceptionally good, with well balanced scoring and good ball-handling.

Coach Leahy's Junior varsity also has shown great promise. Frosh Pete Hutchins, Buck Rogers and Marty Baram have looked good up front, as have Tom Mahar and 5' 5 1/2" "Fitzzy" Fitzgerald in the backcourt. Dick Welch and Pete Buchanan will also see plenty of action.

A tough schedule looms ahead for both teams, but prospects look good and two successful records should result.

# EAST PARKER 1966-1967 INTRAMURAL CHAMPS

The final standings of the men's intramural sports competing dorms for 1966-1967 are as follows:

Dorm	No. of Men	Total Points	Standing
East Parker	55	348	(1) 6.35
Roger Bill	67	404	(2) 6.03
Smith North	47	272	(3) 5.79
Smith Middle	47	231	(4) 4.91
John Bertram	84	390	(5) 4.64
West Parker	68	290	(6) 4.27
Hedge Hall	57	238	(7) 4.18
Smith South	53	216	(8) 4.07



Frostbitten Runners Line Up

### Caustic Corner from Page 10

Dorman, Ron Johnson, Jack McBride, Larry Power, Fred Schultz.

Congratulations to these gentlemen on a fine season!

Just time for a few tidbits: Do you remember that scrumptious meal we had Saturday? That great shrimp salad? Well, and you must remember that this is a true story, one Batesie coed found the head and the leg of a bug in her salad. Believe it or not, in such delicious food as we have at Bates, these things

DO exist. One more thing: Dana Axtell told me to make sure to mention that she, the high scorer on the team and the greatest field hockey player in Bates history, has received an offer from a pro field hockey team in England. Drafted in the third round, word has it that she just might accept this glorious life and all of its benefits. For this great contribution to her school, Dana Axtell is awarded the "honor" of intramural Batesie of the week!

# Bates Hockey Club Defeated 5 - 1

By Don Youker

Sunday afternoon the greatly improved Bates hockey club lost a hard fought battle to Nasson College 5-1. Nasson's longer ice time compared to the club's two official practices payed off in the end. Nevertheless, the Bates team had many scoring opportunities due to the fine play of all three lines and both sets of defense.

Bates' only score came in the middle of the second per-

iod on a beautiful shot from Dick Magnan with the assist going to Larry Power. Defensively, freshman goalie John Hodgdon and the club's director, Steve Andrick, did a spectacular job of keeping the puck out of the net.

With a little more practice the club should begin to win games and establish themselves as a worthwhile part of campus athletics. The club's second clash was with St. Francis College last night.

# Women's Field Hockey Team Posts Undefeated Season

The Women's Field Hockey team completed an undefeated season with six wins and no losses. The final game with Nasson was cancelled due to the early snowstorm. The wom-

en are well on their way to another undefeated intercollegiate season, this time in volleyball. With the season half over, they have defeated Farmington, Colby, and Gorham. Each match consists of the best of three games, and the team has yet to lose even one game. Three games remain, two with Westbrook and one with Nasson. The Nasson game is today (Thurs. Dec. 7) at 3 o'clock in Rand Gymnasium. The basketball team which was undefeated last year, will begin practicing soon for their schedule of six intercollegiate games beginning in January.

# Trackmen Bow To Huskies

This past Saturday, the Bobcat indoor track team traveled to Boston for their initial meet of the new season. The trip was spoiled, however, as a powerful Northeastern team whipped the Cats 71-33 Northeastern, which has lost only two meets in two years (both of those to Harvard) had too much depth for the Bobcats to overcome.

Story Fish captured the only first place by a Bates man as he threw the 35 lb. weight 52'3 1/2", an excellent toss. Another noteworthy performance was given by Lloyd Geggatt who took 2nd in the mile and just missed placing in the 1000 yard run.

In the pole vault, the only meet record was set. Harvey Eaton of N.U. set that by vaulting 13 feet. Eddy Hibbard took second by leaping 12'6" while Steve Erikson took third with 12'3". In the 45 yard high hurdles, Paul Williams snatched second; and in the broad jump, senior Gary Higgins took third. Ed Jahnger leaped to a third place finish in the high jump.

Surprising in the 50 yard dash were two freshmen. Bob Ritcey finished second and Bob Brondo third. The mile relay team completed the Bobcat scoring by winning in a time of 3:46.1.

# FLASH!!

Sophomore halfback Sandy Nesbit was given honorable mention Little All American.

Linebacker Sal Spinosa was chosen all New England, and quarterback Jim Murphy got honorable mention.

Harry Mahar, Sid Gottlieb, Paul Williams, Steve Johanson, Don Geissler and John King made All Maine in soccer. John Donovan, the conference's leading scorer, made 2nd team.

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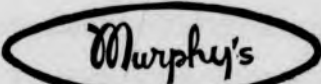
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# GEGGATT TAKES 13TH IN IC4A'S

By Dave Carlson

Lloyd Geggatt, a picture of consistency throughout the entire X-Country season, came through with a fantastic race that capped a great year, for him personally and for the Bates team. For the last meet of the year, Geggatt, Glen Ackroyd, Jeff Larsen and Steve Fillon traveled to New York City to compete in the annual IC4A Cross Country Championships held November 20 in Van Cartlandt Park.

Although all our runners gave very creditable performances, all the attention must be focused on Geggatt. Little

Lloyd, running against over 280 competitors from 40 different schools, gave a truly extraordinary effort and finished an amazing 13th. According to Lloyd, he started slow and a bit indifferent, trailing at the back of the pack for the first quarter mile of the five mile race. He then quickened his pace, and surprisingly to him, began passing runners left and right. He kept this steady pace over the remainder of the race until at the finish, was only 12 behind the leader. He beat all the New England runners who had previously edged him in dual meet com-

petition, excepting Mamo of Colby and Wilson of M.I.T.

Coach Slovenski termed Lloyd's performance as "the best race run by a Bates man this year" and indicative of the clutch performances given by Lloyd all year long.

Other notes: Amby Burfoot from Wesleyan took first in the College Division competition and Springfield took team honors in that division. Steve Fillow finished 50th in a field of 90 freshman in the College Division freshman race. Bates did not enter the team competition in either race.

## Caustic Corner . . . by Gumbie

Let's see, where do I start? It's been so long now. The last time there was a column was previous to Sadie. Well, since Sadie was so long ago perhaps just one statement from Debbie Montelone is sufficient in stating the condition of that dance. While speaking of her date, she implied that he'd be the nicest guy on two feet—if he could only stay there. Of course, you've got to be glad that Sadie is held in the Fall instead of the spring or summer, 'cause if mosquitoes bit some people there, the poor insects would probably die of alcohol poisoning. Anyway, just like in the fairy tales, everyone wound up happy; the president, the Dean of Men,

the Dean of Women, etc., etc. On the Friday following Sadie the first intramural cross-country race was held. It was a fine day for a race with a few inches of snow on the ground and the temperature ranging in the 20's. Nonetheless, twenty-six stout-hearted men showed up to beat the weather and participate in this event. The course was 2.7 miles long and by 4:15 the contestants were ready to go. Sadly enough only twenty were just as ready to finish as the others found beer and cigarettes to be a much greater factor in a distance race than they had figured.

Now, if you had to guess at the person least likely to finish first in this race, who would you pick? Well, if you picked Lightnin' Mahar from Lewiston, Maine, you'd have been correct. But showing form, agility, and speed so unlike the Harry we all know, he blazed through the course to the tune of a 12:48 time, capturing first place. After finishing, Harry showed the audience his great sense of sportsmanship, as he waited at the finish line to congratulate the other contestants. Finishing behind him from second to tenth places were: 2nd, Dave Baker; 3rd, Doug Rice; 4th, Dave Welbourne; 5th, Francisco Mondizabal; 6th Stan Lyford; 7th Mike Rossi; 8th John Donovan; 9th Ivan Bass and 10th Joe Witt. As far as team placing, it went like this (highest pts. best): Smith South 63, Adams North 44, Roger Williams 46, Adams South, 18, Smith Middle 16, John Bertram 15, Hedge Hall 4, Smith North, no entries.

The dubious honor of last of the twenty finishers goes to fast Freddie Moriuchi, who showed fine speed as he blazed out of the gate, and good form as he walked across the finish line an hour or two later. For those who didn't do so well — take heart. The intramural council has voted to make this race an annual event. Fire up for next year!

Oh yes, the intramural council also voted on an all-star intramural football team, and these are the results:

Offense, ends: Bryant Gumbel, Duncan Temple; line: David Burt, Bruce Dzuira, Robert Tanson, William West; backs: Art Johnson, Dave Nash, Rick Spooner.

Defense, line: Dave Carlson, Paul Hardy, Tom Kolodzy, Barry Richelsoff; backs: Mike

Continued on Page 9, Col. 3

### Bobcat of the Week



At the IC4A's in New York Lloyd Geggatt ran what Harrier Coach Slovenski called "the best race run by a Bates man this season." Lloyd finished 13th out of 280 athletes and defeated all but two of the men who had run against the Garnet this Fall.

Though overshadowed by a teammate, Lloyd has striven to be a champion. He owns the second best time ever by a Bates man on our home course. His performance at the IC4A's closed out a great season for one of the finest cross country runners in the history of the school.

# FALL SPORTS AWARDS BANQUET

The Fall Sports Award Banquet was held on Wednesday, November 15. Thirty-one varsity football letters, fifteen varsity soccer letters, eight varsity cross country letters, and nine Senior Varsity Honor Awards were awarded.

Captain Steve Johansson won the Senior Soccer Award for his achievement in 4 years of varsity soccer. Mike Nolan and Sal Spinosa won the Goddard Achievement football award.

Football Coach Robert Hatch gave letters to Stephen Andrick, Mark Bergeron, Stephen Boyko, Steve Brown, Marshall Dutko, Carl Fitzgerald, Mike Fox, Don Hansen, Gary Harris, Walt Jackson, Stephen Karkos, Maurice Kearney, Joe LaChance, Tom Lopez, John Lyons, Richard Magnan, Gerald Mara, Mike Morin, Chuck Morrison, Pete Mezza, Jim Murphy, Bob Nelson, Sandy Nesbitt, Mike Nolan, Jay Parker, Fred Russo, Sal Spinosa, Alan Strober, Jeff Sturgis, Glenn Thornton, and Bruce Winslow.

Soccer Coach George Wigton gave letters to Harold Dickert, John Donovan, Collin Fuller, Don Geissler, Joel Goober, Bill Hammerstrom, Sid Gottlieb, Ed Hibbard, Stephen Johansson, John King, Harry Mahar,

Fred Moriuchi, Sandy Pool, Rich Sliwoski, and Paul Williams.

Cross Country Coach Walt Slovenski gave letters to Glenn Ackroyd, Bob Coolidge, Stephen Fillow, Lloyd Geggatt, Jeff Larsen, Neil Miner, Bob Thomas, and Al Williams.

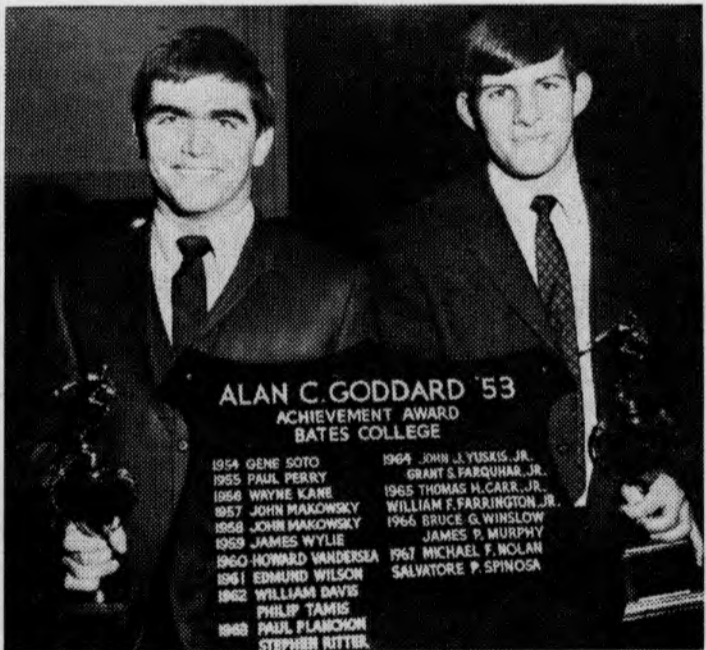
### Senior Varsity Honor Awards

Dr. Lloyd Lux presented Senior Varsity Honor Awards to members of the senior class "who have attained a degree of personal development exemplary of one considered worthy to be a representative of his college, and who have striven continuously to establish the best team spirit and unity." The awards went to John Lyons III, Michael Morin,

Charles Morrison, Robert Nelson, Salvatore Spinosa, Bruce Winslow, John Donovan, Stephen Johansson, and Harry Mahar.

The captains for next Fall's teams were voted upon and announced. They are Mike Nolan and Rich Magnan football; Paul Williams, soccer; and Bob Thomas, cross country.

The coveted "Johnson & Johnson Award" went to two "sleeper" candidates. The lucky recipients were Fred Moriuchi and Rich Magnan, whose achievements were use of an enormous amount of tape during the course of the season.



Mike Nolan and Sal Spinosa receiving the Goddard Achievement Award

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