Winter Carnival '76 Underway

by Janmarie Toker

Bates Winter Carnival will begin this Saturday, January 22, with the additional torch run from Augusta. Among the highlights of the weekend will be a concert by Orleans and Kingston Taylor Friday night, and a cocktail party followed by a dinner-dance Saturday night. In accordance with the Chase Hall Committee's constitution, Winter Carnival is being held the fourth full weekend in the January yard. Shari Spencer, Vice-president of the Committee, is responsible for this year's Carnival activities.

Plans for the Carnival did not materialize until a few weeks ago. Gina Greep, Shari, asked the Chase Hall Committee to prepare a schedule. David Greep suggested the plans available for the weekend and, at the beginning of first semester, asked to complete this. During this period, Buff Seirup searched out plans for the Film Festival. In choosing films, the Committee tried to vary the usual. Six films were decided upon as possible. The outing club was immediately given a slot last December. The outing club was also asked to begin plans for the dance.

The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a cocktail party before the inner-dance. The cocktail party will be held a day in December. The outing club was immediately asked for its help. The Committee decided to have the Cocktail party before the inner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upper portion of the House, in the Hirasaw lounge. The Committee also decided to begin plans for the dance.

The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held at the beginning of the month. The dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upstairs portion of the House, in the Hirasaw and Commorck Lounges. It was felt by the Committee's members that these plans will be better than Rand because those attending will not have to go inside to get from the cocktail party to the dinner-dance. The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held at the beginning of the month. The dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upstairs portion of the House, in the Hirasaw and Commorck Lounges. It was felt by the Committee's members that these plans will be better than Rand because those attending will not have to go inside to get from the cocktail party to the dinner-dance.

Plans for the Carnival did not materialize until a few weeks ago. Gina Greep, Shari, asked the Chase Hall Committee to prepare a schedule. David Greep suggested the plans available for the weekend and, at the beginning of first semester, asked to complete this. During this period, Buff Seirup searched out plans for the Film Festival. In choosing films, the Committee tried to vary the usual. Six films were decided upon as possible. The outing club was immediately given a slot last December. The outing club was also asked to begin plans for the dance.

The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a cocktail party before the inner-dance. The cocktail party will be held a day in December. The outing club was immediately asked for its help. The Committee decided to have the Cocktail party before the inner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upper portion of the House, in the Hirasaw lounge. The Committee also decided to begin plans for the dance.

The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held at the beginning of the month. The dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upstairs portion of the House, in the Hirasaw and Commorck Lounges. It was felt by the Committee's members that these plans will be better than Rand because those attending will not have to go inside to get from the cocktail party to the dinner-dance. The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held at the beginning of the month. The dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upstairs portion of the House, in the Hirasaw and Commorck Lounges. It was felt by the Committee's members that these plans will be better than Rand because those attending will not have to go inside to get from the cocktail party to the dinner-dance.

The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held at the beginning of the month. The dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upstairs portion of the House, in the Hirasaw and Commorck Lounges. It was felt by the Committee's members that these plans will be better than Rand because those attending will not have to go inside to get from the cocktail party to the dinner-dance. The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held at the beginning of the month. The dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upstairs portion of the House, in the Hirasaw and Commorck Lounges. It was felt by the Committee's members that these plans will be better than Rand because those attending will not have to go inside to get from the cocktail party to the dinner-dance.

The Chase Hall Committee decided to hold a dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held at the beginning of the month. The dinner-dance. The cocktail party will be held in the upstairs portion of the House, in the Hirasaw and Commorck Lounges. It was felt by the Committee's members that these plans will be better than Rand because those attending will not have to go inside to get from the cocktail party to the dinner-dance.
Vandalism in the Library?

To the student body,

Recent damage to our library has been an increase in vandalism in our beautiful new library. The fact that there has always been book vandalism, is disgusting, but we have recently had even more juvenile goings-on. The ejection of our library over Thanksgiving vacation to cover up the graffiti, was back to its previous state by the end of the year. However, it is estimated that it costs between $200-$1800 to replace those books. It is obvious that graffiti exists in certain areas of the library, mostly the elevator door. This appears in spite of the "graffiti notebook" that is provided for such creative expressions. It is also interesting to note that some light-fingered person stole the library's copy of The Dictionary of Graffiti. Hmm.

Vocal at the library seems to be tremendously upset about this problem. "It concerns Mr. Derbyshire, but he does not advocate jail house "problem;" it concerns Mr. Derbyshire, our own selfishness. Rather, change must come in our own character anything but our own communication was suggested, as were solutions: Programs were suggested. Can such deep ingrates social behavior patterns change with "programs?"

It seems part of the problem is believing that everyone on the "other side" is about the same, therefore they are not worth reaching out to. I wish the question was admitted as an admission from the start. V. S. Lew

The Editor is aware of the need for effective articles on the "socially unacceptable," but this is something we all recognize as true, and really it is a matter of priorities.
"I always say, 'I'm delighted to be here,' and I sometimes mean it." With that not particularly auspicious statement, Merle Miller began his CA-sponsored lecture on the late great Harry S. Truman. Actually, the lecture tended to be more a potpourri of overused political platitudes. It became increasingly more difficult to believe as the lecture wore on that this was the same Merle Miller who is claimed to be a noted speaker and political humorist, as the publicity for his lecture promised. Unfortunately, despite a reasonably good beginning, the lecture went steadily downhill to the fortunately not too distant conclusion.

The best part of Miller's lecture was the appropriate use he made of his book on Truman. He warned of the dangerous public health problems associated with books borrowed from the library, described the durability of a hardcover edition, and completely removed any desire on my part to buy the book. Such capitalist candor is certainly nice to hear once in a while. Unfortunately, most of what followed was not as refreshing.

Harry S. Truman, the last human being to live in the White House, according to Miller, seems to be almost a folk hero to many people today. HeLiving in the qualification of his popularity: he disliked the FBI, in particular, hated Hoover; although he might have been CIA. Most people regretted that decision, and the Church hearings of late have not laid any blame on his shoulders for misdeeds in the period; and he mistrusted the military people (and all large organizations). Truman, throughout his life, was a student of history. Some people find it difficult to imagine much intellectual vitality in the presidents of recent history, and become nostalgic for something in the past. The Truman nostalgia serves the same purpose as all nostalgias: to escape the realities of the present for the supposedly better past. However, perhaps Truman was a president who could have been truly respected for himself, not simply his office. But as all nostalgias blur the past, no judgment is possible or desirable. It is better left to the historians.

Venture Rep. Here

Mr. Thomas Dingman, representative of the College Venture Program, will be on campus Jan. 28 and 29 to talk with students about April placements. Appointments must be made through Dean Carignan's office.

The Venture Program is associated with the Institute for Off-Campus Experience at Northeastern University. Bates, along with 12 other New England Colleges associates with the program. Jobs are the main focus of the program, allowing the student the opportunity to try out a career or a profession. By incorporating practical job experience into education, Venture helps some students put their academic experience in proper perspective.

A $50 placement fee is charged for Venture. Dean Carignan has stressed that students must make appointments in order to speak with Mr. Dingman.

Orientation Committee Begins Again

The Freshman Orientation Committee had its first meeting of the year this past Tuesday, January 13. Dean Carignan, Garvey MacLean, and the three student members discussed the "success" of this year's orientation. It was decided that the 2-day program that was held this year was not as successful as previous programs. Next year's program will be extended to four days, with classes beginning on a Wednesday. Dean Carignan is currently writing to other schools to find out how they handle their orientations in order to get some new ideas. The committee will reconvene in three weeks.

Merle Miller

Review: Certainly Not Harry Truman

by Gary Jones

laughable in terms of what is now public knowledge about both the man and that period of the presidency. Kennedy's sexual appetite may say something about his character, but Miller's cheap shots served no purpose. But at least Miller was not very selective as far as putdowns were concerned. I leave it to the noted scholar Richard Pettengill to conclude this article: "This guy is a sniveling, venemous name-dropper!"

Unfortunately, the shoe fits.

Colby College's January Plan, instituted in 1962, is designed to provide students with an opportunity for involvement in projects of special interest to the individual. In this connection, and motivated by the spirit of the year of the Bicentennial, nine Colby students have formed a touring group and produced a show entitled HOME AGAIN. It is an inspiring, multi-media presentation of popular American music from 1900 to the present, dealing with three trends: blues and jazz, folk, and show tunes. All members of the tour are professional. HOME AGAIN's members are: Claus Cowing '77, Tim Green '77, Claudia Schneider '77, Lauren Siegel '77, performers; Annelisa Schneider '76, John Stivers '79, musicians; Edward Smith '78, Michael P. Viniconis '79, technical crew; Ina-Loe Tall '77, business manager. Throughout the month of January, HOME AGAIN will be on tour in Maine, performing for both college and high school audiences. See it tonight at 8 o'clock in Chase Hall Lounge.

Vacation Proposal in R.A.

by Susan Gregg

New Business presented at last Monday night's R.A. meeting was as follows:

A newly forming diving club requested $75 from the R.A. for the purchase of supplies equipment. The request was referred to the budget committee.

Vacation rooming was also brought up. Due to the fact that many senior test takers will be due in March there is a strong possibility students will wish to remain on campus during the February break. A committee is planning on meeting with Dean Carey, and Dean Thomas to discuss alternatives to the system used over Thanksgiving vacation. Bunks were placed in the Parker lounges.

Vacation Proposal in R.A.
Fred Harris
The New Populist

Fred Harris, a former senator of Oklahoma, is running for president. Mr. Harris has been running for the office for almost two years. He wants to win.

Harris calls his campaign, "The New Populism", and tells us its goal is "a better distribution of power. The support for The New Populism is for the people who have come to realize that they have been commonly exploited by privileged groups in big business and big government. "The basic issue in 1976 is power," he writes. "The election will begin to look after the interests of the average family, or whether it will continue to protect the interests of the super-rich and the giant corporations. What we're up to is based on two assumptions: one, that people are smart enough to see through two, that a widespread diffusion of economic and political power ought to be the expressed goal of government. If you start from these assumptions, I do a lot of things flow from them." What flows from these ideas are these plans.

As prerequisite to political democracy, Harris would: restrict mergers, break up monolithic industries, keep the government from stifling competition, bring the Federal Reserve System under control, and win federal charters for the major corporations, and encourage small and medium sized competitive businesses. Regarding taxes, enact a sharply graduated personal income tax with equal taxes on the wealthy, regardless of source, provide an income tax credit for each dependent to replace and fully compensate for current exemptions and deductions of benefit to the average taxpayer, such as home mortgage interest and medical deductions. He would also reject existing hidden tax subsidies with direct, an income tax credit, a personal incentive and federal loan assistance.

Employment: a guaranteed job for every American willing and able to work. Private jobs are best, but public jobs are necessary. The work to be done includes building the national parks and wilderness areas, and energy equipment: cleaning the environment; providing better health care and day care. With regards increase Harris believes workers should share in the "bossing" and the decision-making in management and self.governments.

Foreign policy: let the people know what their government is doing, end control of foreign policy by multinational corporations, end covert operations by the CIA, and seek to achieve the "middle East": we must "continue our commitments of economic and military assistance to Israel. We are justly committed to the right of Israel to continue to exist, and we must help provide Israel with the ability to do so. If we allow the arms the situation to continue, we will invite a new war.

Energy: roll back the price of domestic crude oil, vigorously enforce the anti-trust laws against the energy monopolies, require that new cars made or sold in the United States be "gas miser" cars with a major drive to develop alternative energy sources, end promotional rates for electricity and natural gas, and a partial embargo on imported oil.

Economy: deregulate agriculture and put a moratorium on nuclear power, rapidly develop clean energy sources, preserve farm land and open space, protect endangered species, appoint a Secretary of the Interior who cares about conservation, develop a comprehensive transportation policy that would reduce pollution and undesirable uses of land.

Equal Rights Amendment: He supports it. For more information, see Time. December 22, 1975.

Sargent Shriver
Sargent Shriver is popularly known as an in-law of the politically active Kennedy family, as the former director of L.B.J.'s war on poverty, as the first and former director of the Peace Corps, or as the unsuccessful, regardless of source, provide an income tax credit for each dependent to replace and fully compensate for current exemptions and deductions of benefit to the average taxpayer, such as home mortgage interest and medical deductions. He would also reject existing hidden tax subsidies with direct, an income tax credit, a personal incentive and federal loan assistance.

Private jobs are best, but public jobs are necessary. The work to be done includes building the national parks and wilderness areas, and energy equipment: cleaning the environment; providing better health care and day care. With regards increase Harris believes workers should share in the "bossing" and the decision-making in management and self.governments.

Foreign policy: let the people know what their government is doing, end control of foreign policy by multinational corporations, end covert operations by the CIA, and seek to achieve the "middle East": we must "continue our commitments of economic and military assistance to Israel. We are justly committed to the right of Israel to continue to exist, and we must help provide Israel with the ability to do so. If we allow the arms the situation to continue, we will invite a new war.

Energy: roll back the price of domestic crude oil, vigorously enforce the anti-trust laws against the energy monopolies, require that new cars made or sold in the United States be "gas miser" cars with a major drive to develop alternative energy sources, end promotional rates for electricity and natural gas, and a partial embargo on imported oil.

Economy: deregulate agriculture and put a moratorium on nuclear power, rapidly develop clean energy sources, preserve farm land and open space, protect endangered species, appoint a Secretary of the Interior who cares about conservation, develop a comprehensive transportation policy that would reduce pollution and undesirable uses of land.

Equal Rights Amendment: He supports it. For more information, see Time. December 22, 1975.

Lloyd Bentsen — The Texan

Senator Lloyd Bentsen from Texas is running for president. The Texan has a more diverse background than many of the other candidates. He grew up in the small town of Del Rio, graduated from the University of Texas Law School before joining the Army Air Corps during World War II, in which he was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross. At age 25, Bentsen ran for and won the seat of county judge. Two years later, he was elected as the youngest member of the United States House of Representatives. After three terms in the House he went back to business in order to support his family, becoming very successful in insurance. In 1970, he was elected to the U.S. Senate, and is combining his presidential campaign with his senatorial campaign, which means that he still has a job with the enviable title of United States Senator, not as serious as those of some others. His strategy mainly consists of the winning of the South. As a candidate, Governor Wallace, who took Texas in 1972. He plans to sit out the February and March primaries contingent upon a strong Wallace showing by then. At this point Senator Bentsen predicts that the Democratic Party will be looking for anybody who can stop Wallace, and sees himself as the most able candidate. Many observers have ruled out in the primaries.

As a determined middle of the roader with a "moderate" record, his campaign emphasizes his long successful career as a business executive. "I bring a combination of managerial experience as well as legislative experience... People are looking for someone who can get something done, make it effective." (New York Times, December 25, 1975).

On energy, Senator Bentsen feels that private enterprise must be encouraged to invest in efforts to research, develop, and market new energy sources. Legislation has been proposed by the senator toward these results. Full employment and reasonably stable prices must be the goals of our National Economic Policy, and this must be accomplished by monetary and fiscal policies which should be fairly expansionary and consistent.

In Foreign Policy, he sees detente as being the major goal. Many countries have been neglected in our modern day efforts; Senator Bentsen feels it is a serious mistake. These countries include the NATO countries, Japan, Canada and the "Third and Fourth Worlds".

Lloyd Bentsen supports a strong defense policy where the chief concern lies with the quality of the force and the strengths of the deterrent which those expenditures secure.

He believes that the Internal Revenue Service should never again be used as a political instrument, and has sponsored the Taxpayer Protection Act to protect the confidentiality of tax returns.

On crime, he feels that guns should be taken out of the hands of criminals, and has proposed legislation to make receipt or possession of a handgun a Federal offense.

Senator Bentsen is a member of the Environmental Pollution Subcommittee, was a co-sponsor of the Water Pollution Control Act, and is presently a member of the National Committee of Water Quality. He was also author of the Clean Air Act which originated in the subcommittee.
**The Democrats**

**Scoop Jackson**

Scoop Jackson, the 63 year old Senator from Washington, is one of the stronger contenders for the Democratic Presidential nomination. He has been in Congress since 1940, and in the Senate since 1953; which makes him the most experienced of the Democratic hopefuls. Jackson doesn't have the name recognition problem that some do. He was voted in the Gallup Pool as one of the world’s ten men most admired by Americans. His campaign staff is highly professional and one of the best organized; so far they have raised more money than anyone except Wallace. But despite all this Jackson faces some problems in the months ahead.

Scoop is probably the dullest candidate running, and his speaking style is more likely to put potential supporters asleep rather than arouse them. He has no sense of humor, and is considered stubborn, square, and hyper sensitive to criticism. To his favor he is one of the best informed Senators on the defense policy, the environment, energy and the economy. He is a reactionary on many issues and will probably get most of his support from the Democratic right. After all, what good liberal would vote for a man who ardently backed American involvement in Vietnam and said "Thank God for the military-industrial complex."

**George Wallace**

Due to his efficiently organized campaign effort, Wallace has the largest war chest of any Democratic candidate. However, few think that he has any chance to surmount Carter's nomination outright. It is most likely that he will be a power broker at the convention (where 1,505 delegates are required to win) with considerable say over the choice of the nominee and of the platform positions. Another possibility is a break with the party, but not until after the July 12 convention in New York.

The big question about Wallace is his health. Confined to a wheelchair (as was Franklin D. Roosevelt, although only FDR's legs were paralyzed), he suffers from pain around the stomach, for which he must take drugs, from lack of bladder and bowel control (medical devices prevent embarrassment), and growing deafness.

One of George's weaknesses is that during his nine years as Alabama governor "he has been marked by violent racial repression, political intimidation, rampant corruption and indifferent attention to the daily details of state" (New York Times, May 14, 1975). Statutes for the early 1970's show that 82% of FDR's tally votes in pupil expenditures, down to two places from the early 1960's; 48th in the armed forces scores, down a notch; 49th in per capita income, down four places; 49th in poverty, down in liability, down three places; 48th in the number of doctors per 100,000 residents" (New York Times, May 5, 1975). Wallace notes that, nonetheless, the people of Alabama have elected him three times — "the last time by the greatest margin of victory ever received by a governor". He has come out against gun control. The best method of crime control is the "sore and swift punishment" of criminals, which requires an end to permissiveness in the judicial system.

Wallace rarely discusses foreign policy. He is for bilateral disarmament, although he feels that at present the United States is disarming unilaterally. He supports NATO, but he says that "I believe that people in West Germany and East and West Europe ought to help us with the cost involved" (The National Observer, July 5, 1975, p. 6). Wallace's viewpoint on international affairs is that "the best foreign policy was his own presence, with the situation of the Soviet and the Red Chinese, is to be the strongest nation on the face of the earth — because we're dealing with don't understand anything but strength. And any of you (representatives) that can only think up people in Finland (like the National Observer, July 5, 1975, p. 6). His foreign policy as President "would be based on the fact that you can't trust a Communist. You never have been able to trust 'em. I don't believe in confrontation. I believe in détente. But while we're 'detente-ing', as they say, I wouldn't turn my back on 'em. And I don't trust the Communists."

**Terry Sanford — President of Duke**

Presently on sabbatical from his office as President at Duke University, Terry Sanford hopes to gain enough support as a southern liberal in the North Carolina primary to defeat George Wallace. Sanford has organized 90% of the state's counties in this first major effort within his home state, although his campaign is at this time about $100,000 in debt.

Sanford is a state senator and as a governor of North Carolina. He became governor in 1961, following a close election in which he did not campaign on the race issue. Throughout his four years in office, Sanford quietly opposed school desegregation. His administration has been involved strong legislative action, particularly in the field of public education. As governor, Sanford also supported an increase in minimum wage and an extension of welfare benefits. Sanford is said to have been the last northern governor to allow a prisoner to die in the gas chamber.

Following his gubernatorial term, Sanford remained out of electoral politics until 1972, when he was strongly defeated by Wallace in the first North Carolina presidential preference primary. In 1968 he served as national co-chairman of Citizens for Humphrey-Muskie and, because of his tradition of loyal party support, was appointed chairman of the Democratic Charter Commission in 1967. He has been at Duke University since 1970.

---

**Jimmy Carter of Georgia**

Jimmy Carter introduces himself as "a farmer, an engineer, a businessman, a planner, a scientist, a Governor and a Christian."

Not long after, Carter, the 51 year old former governor of Georgia, was considered to be a long shot by most people, even those who recognized his name. All that has changed. Carter is now considered to be in among the top three or four contenders for the Democratic nomination, and is becoming more well known all the time. Most of this is due to his harried approach to campaigning, which has led him to at least 42 states in 1975 and to set up organizations in 35. He has plans to enter all the primaries as well as the conventions and caucuses held in other states.

Carter was here at Bates and addressed such issues as welfare, housing, and future possibilities for energy use, in response to students' questions. For a general statement on his views he says, "On civil rights, environmental quality and criminal justice, I would be a liberal. On fiscal integrity, long-range planning, and the individual liberties of local government, I would be a conservative."

Addressing more specific issues, Carter's views are as follows:

**Birch Bayh — Liberal of Indiana**

Indiana Senator Birch Bayh is currently a leading contender for the Democratic presidential nomination. Backed by moderate and liberal factions, Bayh hopes to make a strong showing in the early primaries. Armed with evidence of wide-spread public support, Bayh will undoubtedly receive broad backing within the party organization. Bayh has made a determined attempt to become active in the national political middle or left of the political spectrum, raising some suspicions about his sincerity among more cynical observers.

Bayh expresses the following attitudes on the major campaign issues:

**Energy:** As "for the energy crisis, I'm sure you wouldn't put up with drift and delay in coming to grips with it. I wouldn't. I would lose no time in formulating a long-range national policy geared to conservation, recycling, exploration, and fair distribution. Until this is done, we're never going to be free of foreign producers."

**Foreign Policy:** Carter feels that unless there is a direct threat, "the United States should not become militarily involved in the national affairs of another nation... Detente with Russia and China should be pursued on a mutually beneficial basis."

**National Health Insurance:** Carter feels there is a need for a bill for catastrophic illness and children up to 6, but not for a universal plan. That would merely shift the burden of payment without improving delivery, and lead to a possible wide range of abuses.

**Liberal of Indiana**

---

**Editor's Note:** The following articles were prepared for this newspaper by the Bates Democratic Caucus at the request of the Editor. Proportional space will be devoted to the analysis of the Republican Presidential hopefuls. Students are reminded to consult their home states regarding registration requirements and absentee voting regulations.
Hoopsters Have Unimpressive Week

by David Plavin

After three games the past week, the basketball team has completed nearly half its season and has come up with only three wins and two impressive performances. Neither of those superior performances was enough to win the games, however, and the braintrust of Bobcat coaches and officials will need to be sharpened before the season is lost.

At Colby on Wednesday it appeared Bates was a better than even chance of ending the Mules' domination of the Bobcats in Waterville. It has been quite something since Bates has beaten Colby at all and the Cats dropped their fifth straight to the Mules. Since Bates was more impressed than the Bobs' opponent, Hartford, the Bobcats were confident. They did not play like it.

After the first eight minutes, the Bobcats appeared to be the team of the game, while the Cats were in the role of the neophyte. The Bobcats would have the last laugh, however, when they came back from a 10 point deficit to outscore the Mules en route to a 75-60 win. The Cats played a solid inside game, and their defense did the job. They even outscored our much more talented backcourt.

Bates' Tom Goodwin was the key man down the road and his two free throws in the last minute provided the margin of victory. Goodwin won with 17 points and 11 rebounds. Bright also had over ten rebounds and added 14 points. The inside game appears to be the key to any Bates victory as the guards were held in check as far as scoring was concerned.

The Bates win moved their record to 3-5. It was the first win of the season on the road for the Bobcats. They've always had trouble away from home.

The next night at Medford Bates ran into an aggressive Tufts team and were soundly beaten 85-74. Bates fell behind 46-60 after the gap closed momentarily. Tufts pulled away to a 33-17 lead. With Jim Marois having problems — he got red six at Coast Guard — Bates appeared doomed to a rout. However, Marois came to life late in the half and the Bobcats rallied to within eight at halftime, 41-33.

Tufts was led by the aggressive inside play of John Fedell, whose two successive three-pointer plays broke the game open midway in the half. The fact that the Bates big men were not aggressive and missed some easy chances was the difference.

In the second half Tufts outscored Bates in most of its scoring from outside shooting. The Jumbos moved well with and without the ball and, subsequently, were able to take good percentage shots. Bates, meanwhile, was getting beat off the boards and never got any closer than six early in the second half. After that Tufts was never seriously threatened. Marois accounted for a great deal of the Bates offense, either scoring or passing off for baskets. He led Bates with 19 points. While Bates was playing as a team they got some other fine individual performances. Mike Edwards hit some deep outside jumpers and got 10. Tom Burhoe played aggressively off the bench and Paul Joyce had 10 points as a reserve. Other than Joyce and Burhoe the Bates bench has contributed very little, which is unfortunate since it is a very talented crew.

The game once again showed that Bates had difficulty setting up an offense. On one play a Bates player simply ran to his spot and stood there with his hands on his hips. However, when Marois leads a running offense everybody seems to play better.

Bates is now 3-6 and another winning season appears remote. Some of the upcoming opposition is tough. Bates is not playing well enough to win many games. They have been plugged by virtually every misfortune that can strike a team. The inside game is crucial and Bates must play more aggressively. Their passivity is not likely to bring victories, only mediocrity.

REBOUNDING: Glenn Bacheller had 11 rebounds against Colby, but he was unable to cope with Tufts' big men. Joyce started the Colby game and Bates has done well with a three guard offense, which is successful when the guards hit. But Bates rebounded. In a surprise move Ruffin and Campbell started the second half at Coast Guard . . . Tufts lost to Bowdoin in their first game this season. They were beatable, but Bates was not equal to the task . . . Speaking of being equal to the task, let's talk about officiating at Tufts. Bates had twice as many fouls and went to the line five times to Tufts' 26.

Viewpoint: Hodgepodge

By DPM

First of all my congratulations must go to . . . Mark Shapiro, the nation's sixth leading pass receiver in Division III.

Bob Chasan, who won the two-mile run at Holy Cross Saturday with a time of 9:28, a new Holy Cross Fieldhouse Record.

The Women's Cross Country Ski team, who buried Colby in the snow last Friday as Nancy Ingersoll and Laurie Schultz led the way.

The skiers that made it back from Saddleback last weekend without frostbite.

The Steelers.

Do you believe that George Anders' loss could be so devastating to the basketball team? That Sugarbowl X had only about 10 minutes of actual action and took five hours to broadcast? That basketball starts in a month? That the goal of a lot of colleges is fielding a good athletic team? That someday Bates will have adequate athletic facilities? That the NCAA instituted squad limitations in August after much debate then rescinded them five months later? That the NCAA might have a "superbowl" of its own in two years so that everyone will know who has the best college team? That baseball starts in a month? That this hodgepodge has finally ended?

Brooklyn Defeats Hockey Team

By DPM

A surprisingly strong Brooklyn College hockey team handed Bates its first loss this season by a 6-3 score. Bates barely got its first taste of New York City hockey, as the Brooklyn team scored all the goals they would need in the first period. Bates mounted much of an offense in the early going, but didn't get much together defensively. Both forwards and defencers were often the victims of their own team's play.

Bates is not playing well enough to win many games. They have been plugged by virtually every misfortune that can strike a team. The inside game is crucial and Bates must play more aggressively. Their passivity is not likely to bring victories, only mediocrity.

REBOUNDING: Glenn Bacheller had 11 rebounds against Colby, but he was unable to cope with Tufts' big men. Joyce started the Colby game and Bates has done well with a three guard offense, which is successful when the guards hit. But Bates rebounded. In a surprise move Ruffin and Campbell started the second half at Coast Guard . . . Tufts lost to Bowdoin in their first game this season. They were beatable, but Bates was not equal to the task . . . Speaking of being equal to the task, let's talk about officiating at Tufts. Bates had twice as many fouls and went to the line five times to Tufts' 26.

Brooklyn's defense deserves plenty of credit. Their defense was designed to, and was equal to the task how about the offense? Speaking of offense, the Brooklyn forwards played poorly as a team. The Brooklyn forwards played poorly as a team. They got some other fine individual performances. Mike Edwards hit some deep outside jumpers and got 10. Tom Burhoe played aggressively off the bench and Paul Joyce had 10 points as a reserve. Other than Joyce and Burhoe the Bates bench has contributed very little, which is unfortunate since it is a very talented crew.

The game once again showed that Bates had difficulty setting up an offense. On one play a Bates player simply ran to his spot and stood there with his hands on his hips. However, when Marois leads a running offense everybody seems to play better.

Bates is now 3-6 and another winning season appears remote. Some of the upcoming opposition is tough. Bates is not playing well enough to win many games. They have been plugged by virtually every misfortune that can strike a team. The inside game is crucial and Bates must play more aggressively. Their passivity is not likely to bring victories, only mediocrity.

REBOUNDING: Glenn Bacheller had 11 rebounds against Colby, but he was unable to cope with Tufts' big men. Joyce started the Colby game and Bates has done well with a three guard offense, which is successful when the guards hit. But Bates rebounded. In a surprise move Ruffin and Campbell started the second half at Coast Guard . . . Tufts lost to Bowdoin in their first game this season. They were beatable, but Bates was not equal to the task . . . Speaking of being equal to the task, let's talk about officiating at Tufts. Bates had twice as many fouls and went to the line five times to Tufts' 26.
for the fourth straight year the Bates track team chose a different decision to close out 1983. And for the record, that choice (and perhaps should have). It would be difficult to find two previous years in which there was anything worthy of note. Coach Gloria Crosby, have had two

January 23-24

Colby (Div. I)

Women's track at Bates continued on its erratic course this last week with a victory over Lewiston High which partly enfranchised the sagging morale of recent weeks. Disorganization and a general lack of direction has led to a declination in the ranks of the track team since Christmas vacation, with a mere eleven competitors participating in this last Friday's meet. However, even with only these few participants, Bates glued to a relatively easy victory over their fledging counterparts from Lewiston with a score of 53-24.

A lack of depth in the Bates team resulting from the sparsity of participants kept the score as close as it was, as Bates took seven out of nine firsts. Lewiston High took all three places in the shot put but that was virtually the extent of their power. Bates dominated the scoring in the remaining events, as ordinary Joe Ripsom won the mile run with a time of 6:19.5 while Melanie Bugbee and Sue Beckwith took second and third respectively. Sandi Korpela and Sue Fuller took second and third with their respective 151' and 12'10½". Tina Berube of Lewiston won this event with a jump of 15'11½". The 880-yard run was won by Jackie Wolfe with a time of 2:52.7, while Chris Kaminski was second, running the event in 2:54.7. Priscilla Wilde won the high jump, the 50-yard dash and Bates was awarded the first and second place points. Bates' relay team composed of Betsy Williams, Priscilla Wilde and Cherie Ames lapped the opposition in winning the half-mile relay easily. Obviously, the Bates team improves from no birth of talent or enthusiasm.

This makes the present condition of women's track here all the more puzzling. The track team is enthusiastic at the moment, yet as recently as a week ago morale problems existed; it possesses ability and potential but seems to be unable to hold onto members; there is a lot of time being put into it, yet nobody seems to really know what is going on. As a result of all this, high on the list of its priorities in the weeks to come should be a more concise definition of goals — for when this occurs, women's track at Bates will become what it should be now.

Mathes and Pier: Compete in Corcoran Cup

Two Bates College skiers have been selected to represent Maine in the prestigious Corcoran Cup races this Saturday and Sunday, January 17-18, at Waterville Valley in New Hampshire. David Mathes and David Pier, both Bates students, will join Rusty Squires of Waterville as representatives of the NorthEast Alpine Racing Association. Mathes, a junior at Bates, will be making his second trip to the Corcoran Cup competition. He was selected as a freshman in 1976. Bates Coach Bob Flynn calls Mathes "an outstanding Division I competitor, particularly in the Slalom." David is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Roger V. Mathes of Deerfield, N.H.; his brother Steve, once skied Bates and is now an assistant ski coach at the College.

Pier, a freshman, is an outstanding prospect for the Bates ski Alpine events. Coach Flynn regards Pier as "an important element in our future plans," but adds that the Hewitt, N.H. native "is ready to contribute to our efforts this year." David is the son of Dr. and Mrs. John Pier, Jr. of Hewitt.

Both Mathes and Pier will compete in the Slalom, to be held Saturday morning, and the Giant Slalom, to be held Sunday morning. The Corcoran Cup races are sponsored by the Eastern Ski Association, of which N.A.R.A. is the Maine affiliate. Over 100 skiers are expected to be in attendance at the meet.

Trackwomen Victorious in Debut

by Sandi Korpela, D. Brooks

January 23-24

Colby (Div. I)

Women's Ski Schedule

December 31

Sandi Korpela

March 4

March 5

March 6

March 7

March 8

March 9

March 10

March 11

March 12

March 13

March 14

March 15

March 16

March 17

March 18

March 19

March 20

March 21

March 22

March 23

March 24

March 25

March 26

March 27

March 28

March 29

March 30

March 31

February 1

February 2

February 3

February 4

February 5

February 6

February 7

February 8

February 9

February 10

February 11

February 12

February 13

February 14

February 15

February 16

February 17

February 18

February 19

February 20

February 21

February 22

February 23

February 24

February 25

February 26

February 27

February 28

February 29

March 1

March 2

March 3

March 4

March 5

March 6

March 7

March 8

March 9

March 10

March 11

March 12

March 13

March 14

March 15

March 16

March 17

March 18

March 19

March 20

March 21

March 22

March 23

March 24

March 25

March 26
SUMMER JOBS

Guys and gals needed for summer employment at national parks, private camps, dude ranches, and 100 others. Over 50,000 students aided each year. For FREE information on student assistance program send self-addressed stamped envelope to: Opportunity Research, Dept. SJO, 55 Flathead Drive, Kalispell, MT 59901. Many good jobs are available.

APPLICANTS MUST APPLY EARLY.

GUIDE TO MONEY FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

Guide to more than 250,000 Scholarships and Financial Aid Source — items valued at over $850 million dollars.

Contains the most up-to-date information on:
Scholarships, grants, aids, fellowships, loans, work-study programs, cooperative education programs, and summer job opportunities; for study at colleges, vocational and technical schools, paraprofessional training, community or two-year colleges, graduate schools, and post-graduate study or research; funded on national, regional, and local levels by the federal government, states, cities, foundations, corporations, trade unions, professional associations, fraternal organizations, and minority organizations. Money is available for both average as well as excellent students, both with and without need.

BENNETT PUBLISHING CO.
Dept. 214, 102 Charles Street, Boston, Mass, 02114.

Please rush me copies of GUIDE TO MONEY FOR HIGHER EDUCATION at $5.95 plus $5c for postage and handling for each copy.
I am enclosing $ ____________________ (check or money order).

Name________________________________________
Address_____________________________________
City________________State__________________________Zip__________________________

© Copyright 1976 Bennett Publishing Co.