For Positions to Teach, APPLY TO

TEACHERS' CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION OF NEW ENGLAND,

36 Bromfield Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Bates Students have been very successful with us.  F. B. SPAULDING, Manager.

COLLEGE GRADUATES

Do you intend to make teaching your profession?

IF SO, you NEED HELP either in securing a first position or in advancing to a better one. Then be sure and join the RIGHT agency, one which will take an immediate interest in you and go to work for you directly. REGISTER NOW. Do not wait, and the agency will not wait in giving you assistance. The

Eastern Teachers' Agency

Has a large and increasing business and is filling vacancies all over the country. It is in need of COLLEGE GRADUATES. Call and talk over chances or write for information.

Form and circulars sent on request.

EASTERN TEACHERS' AGENCY, - 50 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass.

E. F. FOSTER, Manager.

WRIGHT & DITSON, • • •

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Base-Ball, Tennis, and General Athletic Supplies.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

WRIGHT & DITSON, 344 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS.
ATTENTION was called early in the year, editorially, to the support Bates students should give the Reading-Room and Athletic Associations. There are a few men who have failed to act according to the opinion of the very large majority as expressed in the business meetings of the two associations. It is only a small sum required for the great privilege of the well-equipped reading-room, yet some choose to sacrifice their right to the name of an honest man for a few cents and use the room as freely as the members. These men borrow keys, climb through windows, or dodge in behind some one who has a right to enter. Is it right to do so? Is it right to make others pay your bills? If you do not care to pay for the use of the room,
keep cut of it and no one will object. By using the room you virtually ask others to pay for your privilege. Pay your share, diminish the average expense, and win the esteem of by far the majority of the students.

The same can be truly said about the tennis courts, and of exactly the same men who infest the reading-room. No man has a right upon the courts unless he is an association member and pays his dues. The class of men above mentioned, who travel upon their good looks and other people’s purses, are the very ones who purloin magazines from the reading-room, and who deem their right to use the courts to be indisputable, and feel deeply insulted if a man practicing for a tournament politely asks the incumbent for his place.

Although in reading the life of a great man we feel an admiration for him, at the same time our admiration has a tinge of awe mingled with it. It seems as if an intangible something separates him from us. What is it that places him above the level of the average man? We find that, in the main, his life was no different from that of many another man who accomplished nothing and made no mark in the world. We might ascribe it to a special opportunity which presented itself, or to the right use of common opportunities. Yet this does not seem to quite answer our question. Was not the reason for his success due to his individuality? While other men of his time were vacillating from one way of thinking to another, being fascinated by this man or that, and were weakened in character and individuality, he stood firm in his opinions. Few of us have enough individuality. Many a student, on coming to college, sees some one whom he desires to become like. Herein lies the danger that his life may become affected, a mere imitation, even though he may have chosen an excellent person as a guide. If he does not succeed in making his imitation as good as the real character he tried to copy, added to this defeat he suffers the loss of his own traits of character which might have made him more of a man than his model. But this is not to prove one should have no ideals. As far as one can follow an ideal naturally, and with no degree of affectation, he loses none of his individuality. Beyond that limit, all is imitative and it is then that one’s own ideas and opinions should supplant those of another. Meeting, as we do in our college life, people of so many different tastes and opinions, we have excellent opportunities to profit by the examples of some, remembering, meanwhile, not to copy any one person to the detriment of our natural characters. When imitation is lost and the real is victorious, then we shall have fewer classes of men and more individuals.

There is need of closer unanimity between Bates and the schools of the two cities. The Latin School is under the auspices of the college and, of course, is in close touch with it. The two high schools are the ones to which we wish to call particular attention.
There is no reason why the most friendly feelings and best regards should not exist between the students of these schools and those of the college. The teachers are mostly from Bates and work together for the best interests of these schools and the college.

The fault must be elsewhere. It is with the students, and a good part lies with those of Bates. Yet there are a few high school boys who cannot or do not wish to see the worth of what they have and what is near them, but rather long for that which they have not and appreciate that which is remote. This is not because of good judgment, but because of no judgment—no thought at all.

There must be a different attitude. This irreverent cheering and slandering ought to be detested by all. The school boys ought to support their home college, and the college boys ought to take more interest in the work of the high schools, especially in their athletics. We ought to manifest more freedom in the use of our grounds, encourage the boys to mingle with us; and so, by such an attitude towards them, arouse a better feeling in them. We want this wound healed and we want more of the boys to come to our college.

WHERE is one feature of our inter-collegiate and inter-scholastic contests that justly deserves criticism. It is the "yagging" which now occupies such a prominent part in base-ball, foot-ball, tennis, and even field-day contests. The college or school that sends out the largest delegation to "yag" is the one that ordinarily wins. There is a perfect bedlam of noise and tumult, the frantic shouting and singing, the regular yells with numerous special ones for the particular occasion, the blowing of horns, the waving of canes, hats, and flags. It all reminds you of an Indian war dance, or a Wild West show. Loyalty and enthusiasm are necessary to the welfare of our colleges and schools, and a proper display of the same by their students is highly commendable; but for the continued "yagging" there is no reasonable excuse. Yet, when one side commences it, the other finds it hard to keep from doing something to offset their opponents' "yagging." There ought to be a mutual understanding among our schools and colleges to give up this disagreeable "yagging." In the first place, it causes the schools and colleges to give a poorer exhibit of their athletic ability; because for every one it requires more or less of exertion and of nerve power to withstand such a continual strain, and consequently leaves one less free to concentrate his full powers upon the athletic task before him. Secondly, students often seek to have public patronage at their athletic contests in order to strengthen their finances; but they should bear in mind that the public pays its money to see base-ball, football, tennis, etc., not to listen to an Indian war song and dance.

FROM childhood we have been assailed by the maxim that the moments are golden and, once passed, never return. It stared at us from our
copy-books, crowded itself upon nearly every page of our readers, and sounded in our ears the perpetual admonition of our elders; but assuming the form of abstract precept rather than tangible example, it left little impression upon our minds other than a feeling of personal hostility toward the sentiment pursuing us so vindictively.

However, who truly comprehends this truth in all its meaning has built broadly and well his foundation, and education can have no higher aim than to assist in the attainment of this knowledge. Our educational methods preach the maxim, but in many things in actual practice fail to conform to it. Our schools rightly bestow much time and attention upon those qualities in reading which are really accomplishments, but they neglect entirely that which is most essential of all, rapidity. In whatsoever calling the educated man be, he must devote a great part of his time to reading, and he who is able to extract most rapidly the substance of an article or book, necessarily occupies a position of advantage. A study of the leading men of modern times will show very many of them to have been masters of this art. To seek out the gems from the labyrinthal caves of thought was for them a matter of ease and celerity.

In addition to the economy of time another advantage arises from this method of reading. A concentration of mind is required which is apt to be wanting where each word and sentence are carefully noted. He who reads with his eyes and not with his mind, may as well, blindfolded, attempt to view a landscape, as far as any benefit to himself is concerned. It is possible to acquire the ability to read rapidly by a little practice, and any one taking the trouble would certainly find himself repaid many times. The moments are indeed golden, and, more rapidly than gold, have appreciated with the advance of modern civilization. Whoever disregards the fact, let him lay his failure at his own door rather than to the inexorability of fate.

PEOPLE criticise more often than they praise, and yet criticism seldom accomplishes its object. How easy it is to find fault, and how often criticism descends from its true position to the level of mere fault-finding! It seems to be a favorite amusement of some persons to search for the weak points of anything, no matter what it may be. But this is only a mark of a disagreeable and jealous disposition, and has no relation to criticism in its proper sense. The office of the critic is to discover the points of excellence, as well as the deficiencies. If he can only find fault, he himself is sadly lacking. It is said that criticism always gives the measure of the critic, even though it falls far short of the measure of the thing criticised. It requires real ability to recognize the signs of ability, and he who is inclined to sneer at anything should have a care lest he show his own deficiencies by a lack of appreciation. Again, criticism, besides being just, should be given in a kind and generous spirit. Unless given in this
way, it is almost certain to arouse a feeling of antagonism. Finally, the one criticised should receive the suggestions of his critic in a spirit of candor, and with a sincere desire for self-improvement. When these conditions are fulfilled, the true object of criticism may be accomplished.

RESPONSIBILITY.

BY J. B. HOAG, '94.

THERE was a time when Adam and Eve, new created, were free from sin. The first "Thou shalt not" was still unbroken. To obey this command was their sole duty. The temptation came. Upon the decision of that hour hung the weal or the woe of mankind. Methinks the whole heavenly concourse must have paused in their divine adorations to behold that scene,—the fate of humanity being determined by weak, fallible human decision. This was the first responsibility resting upon the first man. And yet, among all the multitudes who have lived from that day to this, there has not been one, man or woman, upon whom did not rest a greater responsibility than rested upon them. And the man of to-day leads them all. For what is he but a result of all the past, a cause of all the future, a factor now being introduced into the infinite geometric series of life universal? Others have gazed upon the world in its spring-time, have witnessed its budding hopes and its blossoming possibilities, but we are reaping something of the great world-harvest, whose period of growth has been six thousand years, whose fruitage is for the development and sustenance of the perfect man.

If we will but listen, Homer and Virgil will sing again their epic songs, Handel and Mozart will soothe or inspire us with their wonderful melodies. The Greek orator will come forth from his tomb and thrill us anew with that power which he caught from the tempest and the sea. The Athenian philosopher will teach us truth, and the self-sacrificing Nazarene will offer Himself again as an example of purity and love. We may gaze upon paintings and statues so life-like that they seem to breathe and to await only the command to stand forth as living realities. If we wish to understand ourselves, we may study Shakespeare, who wandered freely through all the mysterious avenues of the human mind. In short, men have labored in all the fields of thought and action, and we have garnered from those fields, till we are wiser and more powerful than the gods of song and story.

Are we responsible for the use we make of these advantages? Go stand before Napoleon's dishonored tomb; bid the man of destiny awake from his long slumber and repeat to you the story of his life and death. You will hear only of great opportunities, evaded responsibilities, and dismal failure. You will hear Nature's unalterable verdict.
The great scales of the universe are evenly balanced. For every pleasure, for every power, for every advantage, physical, mental, or moral, Nature exacts compensation, places upon us some responsibility. Am I rich, my neighbor is poor; strong, he is weak; surrounded by friends, he is lonely; educated, he is ignorant.

As we consider the vast proportions of the liquor traffic, the multitudes in this country still illiterate, the thousands suffering for food and clothing because there is nothing for them to do in this land of prosperous industry; as we contemplate the growing disregard for religion and the Sabbath, we stand amazed at the responsibility resting upon the man of to-day. He is like one caught by ocean tides. While he waits, while he considers, while he seeks avenues of escape, even while he flees, the waters rise upon him.

But ought we to lament the great responsibilities of the present? Far from it. "Responsibility is but another name for opportunity." Is there war in the Crimea? Does pestilence lurk in the camp and crawl among the barracks at night? Then become a Florence Nightingale. Is there a colony of lepers enduring a living death? Then become a Father Damien. Or is yours the more difficult task of bowing a proud and ambitious spirit to the humble duties of every-day life? Do that little well. Character is not quantity, and man’s success is measured not by the magnitude of his achievements, but by his fidelity to the duties of the hour.

If there is anything in this world to be despised or pitied, it is the man upon whom there rests no responsibility. If there is anything to be envied or admired, it is the man whom God has loaded with responsibility. For responsibility is the seal of Divine confidence. It is the diadem with which Nature crowns her nobility. It is the royal apparel with which man clothes his brother man and acknowledges himself a subject.

A WISE CONSERVATISM.

BY W. E. PAGE, ’94.

This has been an age of itching ears. Men and women of all classes have been constantly on the alert for something new. In response to this desire, those who have wished to attract attention, have given to the public many strange theories of education, of government, and of religion.

Some of these theories have been disregarded because manifestly false or impracticable, others have been modified more or less and accepted as additions to previous ones. Nevertheless, many people regard a theory thus changed as entirely new because their attention is turned wholly upon what is strange in a system of thought or a method of government, failing to see that much has been retained that has been proved logical and beneficial. Wise conservatism has always kept the good of the past, adding the new only after trial or a careful consideration of the probable and possible results.

The example of the Church in this respect comes to mind. When Darwin first gave his remarkable theory to the
world, the leaders of Christian thought, with the great naturalist, Agassiz, did not accept it. They waited until it was modified by known facts, and then instead of finding it hostile to revelation their faith was strengthened by its principles. The same carefulness was manifested toward the Bible story of creation. Long before Geology gave its version of the world’s history, a few thoughtful, pious men believed that the six days of Genesis meant six long periods of time, but instead of making their weaker brethren stumble, they wisely waited until the rocks told their story. The average layman would not have realized that this was but a different view of the creative power of God, and did not conflict with the purpose of the first book of the Bible. By the time Geology had become a science the common people were more generally educated and would receive no injury from the explanation now given to the first chapters of Genesis.

In the state, too, the leaders have been wisely conservative. Solon has been called the father of democracy, and yet Solon did not give Athens the peculiar democratical institutions for which she has been famous, but he retained the oligarchy, making some degree of popularity the condition both of entrance to political office and of safety and honor after leaving it. Kleisthenes (and I need not say that these two men are reckoned among the wisest statesmen), Kleisthenes, adopting Solon’s principles, gave Athens her representative government.

In the beginning of our own history as a nation we find striking examples of the wise preservation of the good of the past. Though the Frenchman’s liberty, when Jefferson visited France, was merely nominal, Washington and his colleagues did not abandon all effort for civil and religious freedom, but, acting upon the suggestions of the past, gave to the next generation a glorious heritage. In framing our constitution the delegates did not disregard the articles of confederation, though the weakness and insufficiency of that document has been shown in the utter inability of the Continental Congress to meet the exigencies of the time. Instead, these statesmen saw where the difficulty lay and added the much-needed article, empowering Congress to impose and collect taxes.

The same has been true in education and social reform. While new theories have been accepted, enough of the old has been retained to give stability, and thus society has not drifted out upon the untried, treacherous sea of radicalism. All this warns us against a hasty rejection of what is old.

As we think of great statesmen, orators, and preachers, we notice their reverence for the past and their use of the wisdom handed down to them, and we are obliged to conclude that their greatness was largely due to this veneration and application. Following their example we should study the views of our opponents; not merely with the purpose of finding weaknesses and errors, but also with an appreciative spirit, ready to see whatever of truth and right there may be in that with which we cannot wholly agree. This may lead to a judicious modifica-
tion of our own plans and ways of thinking. The unsympathetic, ostenta-
tious egotist is not likely to make advancement nor is the small influence he exerts likely to be beneficial.

There is also need of wise conserva-
tivism in applying general principles to particular cases. Disastrous results may follow from good principles, unless some modification is made with reference to special conditions. Moreover, we should not reject a principle, because, in some instances, it has proved an injury, nor should we accept a theory because a few beneficial, practical results have grown out of it. In both cases, there may have been other causes at work, entirely different from those of the present, or there may be forces at work now, strong enough to counterbalance those of the past.

Not only as private individuals, but as men and women who are more or less influential, we should be wisely conserva-
tive. The public speaker should take care lest he put too much stress upon new methods of thought and action. His hearers may be led to give up the old entirely and bring destruction and ruin upon themselves, and shame and disgrace upon him.

The writers of to-day have a duty to perform in this matter. In the race for wealth, contributors to periodicals and managing editors of newspapers and magazines are too often guided merely by the consideration of pecuniary results. Those who write should realize that their articles are read by thousands who never think for themselves, and should bring before the careless multitude the danger of being driven about by every new wind of doctrine. Our editors should point out with equal care the benefits and dangers probable from acting upon a strange theory, and give their judgment as to results.

Both speakers and writers should always call attention to whatever har-
mony there is between the old and the new, that the latter may not destroy the former, and leave the mariner on life's sea with an untried barque and no knowledge of the route upon which he is sailing. Much has been done in this direction, and yet the tongue is often silenced and the pen stopped from the fear of losing a few paltry dollars or an unsatisfying reputation.

All honor to the leader of thought who unselfishly advocates the truth, and, while receptive to all that is wise and good, does not fling away principles and theories simply because they are old.

**SYMPATHY AN ELEMENT OF POWER.**

**BY KATE A. LESLIE, '94.**

In nature we see power. The tiny seed unfolds slowly into the delicate flower, the waving grain or the vigorous tree. But the power to effect this great change lies not wholly in the seed germ. Nature's forces must work together. The earth which enfolds the germ must be warmed by the sun and moistened by rain. Without the sympathy of the kindly elements, these embryo organisms would wither and die; with it, they develop into the beautiful forms that clothe our Mother Earth with living verdure. In like
manner men must work together to produce the greatest effect. It is sympathy between man and man that clothes human life in a garb more beautiful than that which adorns our earth—the garb of peace and love.

There is something in man's nature akin to the seed germ; something that requires the warm rays and refreshing showers of other men's sympathy to develop and unfold its beauty. How many a person has been untrue to the best that is in him, because, when he needed encouragement from one that could earnestly sympathize with him, he failed to receive it! How many a heart has become cold and cynical from lack of sympathizing friends? He, then, who is sympathetic, meets a human want. There is an element in his nature that responds to a universal feeling. Such an element cannot fail to be a source of power.

To have the greatest influence over others, one must feel their grief and their joy; he must place himself on the same level with them; must be able to look at things from their standpoint. A man may see another in danger of drowning. If he merely stands on the bank and shouts to him, no matter how excitedly, that he is in danger, he will not save the man. He must plunge into the stream and struggle with him against the current that is bearing him down. Such is the spirit of a sympathetic man, and such is the spirit of those who have the greatest power over men.

It is sympathy that gives birth to the loftiest eloquence. Let a man have this quality, and every word he utters will be weighty with conviction. He feels that he is speaking in behalf of the people, and his voice will have a ring of good-will that it could not have were his feelings lacking harmony with the sentiment he expressed.

It was sympathy, combined with other necessary qualities, that made Webster a great orator; Webster, whom nothing but the deepest feeling could have moved to utter that grand address to the survivors of the battle of Bunker Hill, especially that matchless tribute to Gen. Warren: "But, ah! him, the first great martyr in this great cause; him, the premature victim of his own self-devoting heart; whom nothing brought hither but the unquenchable fire of his own spirit; him, cut off by Providence in the hour of overwhelming anxiety and thick gloom, falling ere he saw the star of his country rise; pouring out his generous blood like water before he knew whether it would fertilize a land of freedom or bondage." Think of these words and then say, if you can, that they came from an unsympathetic heart.

Among novelists, we select Mrs. Stowe and George Eliot as types of those who have stirred our deepest feelings. It was Mrs. Stowe's great heart that enabled her to present the evils of slavery with so much power, that the hearts of countless others were stirred with sympathy for the suffering negro, and kindled with indignation against the accursed system that held him enslaved.

It was George Eliot's broad sympathy with man's imperfections and her conviction of the terrible hold sin has
on the world that gave to us those novels, unsurpassed for their insight into the ethical laws that govern human life. The greatest generals have been sympathetic. Why is it that the memory of Washington is still sacred to the American, while the memory of the first Napoleon is becoming less sacred to the French? Both were great generals. Both acquired power. The power of one is influencing humanity to-day. Our hearts are filled with reverence for that noble devotedness to the country’s welfare. Our hearts are thankful for the great, sympathetic soul of Washington. But the power of the other began to wane before his death. And his influence on mankind is nearing its end. Napoleon’s unworthy ambition and his lack of sympathy have proved fatal to the continuance of his greatness.

There remains one whose power is immeasurable; one who has moved the world as no other has done. Jesus of Nazareth entered truly into the sorrow of men. Sympathy was the great shining light of his soul.

---

**Poets’ Corner.**

**THE STARS OF FATE.**

One summer night I watched the stars
Sail in their courses high,
As if God’s hosts had lighted there
Their watch-fires in the sky;
The same bright stars that, all unchanged,
Through countless years had shone,
Since Adam in the world’s fresh youth
Walked Eden’s paths, alone.

As through the quiet fields I walked,—
The fields all hushed in sleep,—
And watched those peaceful, twinkling stars
Their silent vigils keep,
I thought how, in the times of old,
That ne’er can come again,
The wise men argued that the stars
Controlled the fates of men.

We would not wake those old beliefs
From out their dust and gloom—
Delusions that lie buried deep
In superstition’s tomb.

And yet we cannot help but see,
In all things small or great,
In all the works of human minds,
The hidden hand of Fate.

Some secret, hidden influence runs
Through all the works of man,
All things for one grand purpose formed,
All parts of one great plan.

The little child that all day long
Plays in the flowery fields,
For whom each new returning day
Some new enjoyment yields,

May some day draw a bloody sword
And wade through slaughter deep
To gain a throne, its mighty price
The tears that mothers weep;

Yet when his work is done he dies
And mingles with the dust,
Nor heeds upon his idle sword
The all-destroying rust.

Thus Fate ordained that he should rise,
Thus Fate decreed his fall;
The beggar is his equal now;
The same fate comes to all.

And as with men, so nations have
Some mission low or high,
And when that mission is fulfilled
They fall, and falling, die.
Look where earth's mighty empires stood,
That craved an endless reign,
Till, helpless in the hands of fate,
They saw their glory wane!

Yet Truth and Justice, all unharmed,
Among their ruins stand,
As, lifting high their lofty heads,
They wander hand in hand;

For Justice, though it falls, shall rise,
And Truth can never die;
Twin sisters they, who wear a crown
Of Immortality.

What seems like evil to our eyes,
By human wisdom weighed,
Prepares the way where right shall come,
Though late and long delayed.

Say, do you hear the mutterings low,
Beyond our nation's sky—
The thunder of approaching storms,
A tempest hovering nigh.

Fear not the storms, but do thy work,
And calmly watch and wait.
What fortune comes, comes not by chance,
But by the hand of fate.

And know that Fate's strong chariot-wheels
Cannot be stayed by man;
Nor can the puny human hand
Change God's eternal plan.

When in the cloud of battle smoke
Our flag at Sumter fell,
To many a timid soul it seemed
Like Freedom's funeral knell;

But through the clouds of darkest gloom,
Unseen by mortal eye,
The hand that wrote Belshazzar's doom
Wrote Peace upon our sky.

The weapons aimed at Freedom's life
Pierced not her sacred side,
But the black demon, Slavery, felt
The fatal wound and died.

And thus the darts that traitors hurl
Fall harmless in the sand;
Right must prevail and wrong be crushed
By Fate's resistless hand.

O, Stars of Fate that never fail
While endless ages roll,
While History's mournful funeral bells
O'er nation's death-beds toll,

Move on in thine unchanging course,
And bring a better age—
A time of peace, a time of truth,
When wars shall cease to rage;

When Arbitration's stainless hand
All quarrels shall decide,
Shall close the cannon's murderous mouth,
And stop war's crimson tide;

Till all the world shall understand,
In every land and state,
That through the shadows and the clouds
God guides the Stars of Fate.


SPRING-TIME.

Do you hear the sweet-voiced warblers sing?
Teach me their songs of gladness and love;
Read me a lesson of hope from above,
In the opening buds of spring.

Relief I crave, this beautiful day,
Snatching its beauty away.
The spring-time of life should be as fair
As the sunniest hours of May.

And then, when Autumn the earth bereaves,
To many a timid soul it seemed
Like Freedom's funeral knell;

But through the clouds of darkest gloom,
Unseen by mortal eye,
The hand that wrote Belshazzar's doom
Wrote Peace upon our sky.

The weapons aimed at Freedom's life
Pierced not her sacred side,
But the black demon, Slavery, felt
The fatal wound and died.

And thus the darts that traitors hurl
Fall harmless in the sand;
Right must prevail and wrong be crushed
By Fate's resistless hand.

O, Stars of Fate that never fail
While endless ages roll,
While History's mournful funeral bells
O'er nation's death-beds toll,

Move on in thine unchanging course,
And bring a better age—
A time of peace, a time of truth,
When wars shall cease to rage;

When Arbitration's stainless hand
All quarrels shall decide,
Shall close the cannon's murderous mouth,
And stop war's crimson tide;

Till all the world shall understand,
In every land and state,
That through the shadows and the clouds
God guides the Stars of Fate.


TO A FAVORITE BROOK.

Flow on in peace, thou earth-born crystal stream,
As blithe thou art and free from toil and care
As feathered songster of the mountain air.
Thy fount is where Aurora's early beam
First vanquishes the shade. Her bright smiles gleam
On thy young waters, breathing music fair
As Siren's song, or, such as Eden's pair
Awhile enjoyed. O tell me, dost thou dream
That in yon vale, where lordly river rolls,
Are men whose early life was pure as thine?
But just as thou thy virgin stream will stain,
So greed and jealousy have marred their souls.
They're rushing on to Life's Eternal Brine
Without a thought, as thou, to yonder plain.

—W. S. C. R., '95.
WIN A NAME.
My soul arise, spread out thy wings
And soar to heights untried,
This narrow earth is not for thee,
Defeat and death deride.

Why care for worthless praise or blame?
Spread out thy wings and soar;
The eagle not more free than thou!
Delay and doubt no more.

Win thou a name that shall not die,
And write it 'mid the stars,
There shall it gleam forevermore
Among their silver bars.

Ascend, my soul, the vaults are high,
Peal forth thy joy and sing.
In glory's air there's space for all.—
There's room for every wing.

Why fight for riches that decay,
And win but shameful scars?
He is a slave who's locked in wealth—
That cell with golden bars.

Then win a name for future days,
And write it in the sky.
The sun and stars shall fade away,
Thy name shall never die.

—J. B. H., '94.

College News and Interests.

LOCALS.
May baskets!
"Farnum, the acid expert."
"Everything but tea, please."
'Ninety-six had a class ball game.
"Sit down, you make me nervous!"
The Junior Class voted to have caps
and gowns for Ivy Day.
The second grand reception was held
in the gymnasium, April 30th.
Professor Howe supplied at Elm
Street Church, Auburn, recently.

We are glad to see Howard out again
after his long sickness at the hospital.

One of the rooms in Parker Hall has
been fitted up for the use of the botany
class.

Springer, '95, is proprietor of the
book-store. Go to him for a good
trade.

Base-ball! Three straight meals a
day, and lunches served at all hours.
Victory!

Cunningham, Misses Hewins and
Dunn, of the Freshman class, are out
Teaching.

The Juniors went on an excursion,
April 27th. They found plenty of
may-flowers at Sabattus.

W. S. C. Russell, '95, has been en-
gaged to give instruction in elocution
at Maine Central Institute.

At the missionary meeting, April
25th, W. O. Phillips, '97, spoke on
"Night Sounds and Scenes in India."

J. B. Hoag, '94, has been engaged
to give instruction in elocution to the
graduating class of Gardiner High
School.

On Friday evening, May 11th, the
Euroosophian Society held a mock legis-
lature. The meeting was very suc-
cessful.

On Friday evening, April 20th, the
Latin School Union held a public meet-
ing which reflected great credit upon
the society.
A new and very handsome silver cup has been provided by the College Club as a trophy for Field Day. It is on exhibition in the library.

On the evening after the Bowdoin game the young ladies gave a reception to the college in the gymnasium. Everybody had a good supply of smiles.

The Theological School has received a present of a fine black walnut lecture room table from the King's Daughters of the Portland Free Baptist Church.

The late Rev. G. W. Howe, a brother of Prof. Howe, bequeathed a large collection of books to the Theological Library. There was also received recently a Century Dictionary and folding case for the same from Mrs. Mary B. Wingate, lately deceased.

The following are the locations of the Theological graduates for this year: Harris, Paige Street Church, Lowell, Mass. H. R. Purrington will go to San Francisco. H. S. Wilson will locate at Nottingham, N. H. H. A. Childs intends to spend two years in college and to supply at West Gardiner.

The Student is very glad to report that we have had the opportunity to hear some very instructive and interesting lectures on modern history through the kindness of Rev. W. H. Bowen, D.D., for many years pastor of Main Street Church. The lectures, five in number, aimed to give a general outline of the most important events leading up to modern history. The first lecture was "A survey of Europe from the fall of Rome, 476, to the fall of Constantinople, 1453." Italy, Spain and France, England, and Germany were the subjects of his other lectures.

The list of artists recently announced for Commencement Concert is especially pleasing to those who appreciate a high-grade musical programme. It is a rare piece of good fortune that the committee has succeeded in securing Felix Winternitz, that gifted young virtuoso who is rapidly replacing Marteau and Albertini in violinistic prestige. Hardly less gratifying is the prospect of hearing Miss Elizabeth C. Hamlin, one of the finest sopranos in New England, whose success in the leading rôle of the "Messiah" in the Handel-Haydn course in Boston the past season, has placed her in the front rank of oratorio singers. Miss Daisy Carroll Hoyt is certain to please the public as a reader, while "all will prize an opportunity of hearing the Beacon Quartette.

The interest in tennis at Bates this spring is not of the kind that wins intercollegiate tourneys. We have a few good tennis players and should have many more. Tennis is a game in which almost any one can, with practice, acquire a considerable degree of skill, but this result cannot be attained by a half or three-quarters of an hour of careless practice, taken every two or three days. Proficiency in this line, as in all others, can be gained only by determination and hard work. If we are to continue to engage in the Intercollegiate Tennis Tournaments, something must be done to increase our interest in the game, that we may make a creditable showing. Our three best courts are being lengthened out;
we have the courts, we must have the interest. We should have a cup for tennis the same as for Field Day. The following men were chosen to take part in a preliminary tourney in singles to decide our representatives to Portland: Wakefield, Pettigrew, Hilton, Boothby, Norton, and Stanley. The playing has for the most part been listless. It has been difficult even to secure referees and linemen for the matches. Although the tourney is not yet completed there is little doubt that Bates will be represented at Portland this year by Wakefield and Pettigrew in singles, and the same in doubles, together with Boothby and Hilton.

BASE-BALL.

The base-ball season opened Fast Day, with a game between Bates and Lewiston. The following is the score.
April 19th: Bates... 1 0 0 5 0 0 1 0 0 7 4 0 1 Lewistons... 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 4
April 22d: Bates... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Lewistons... 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
April 26th: Bates... 2 0 0 4 0 1 7 2 1 17 Boston Univ.,. 0 0 2 6 0 4 0 4 0 12 May 2d: Bates... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Exeter... 0 1 1 0 1 4 7 May 3d: Bates... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Univ. of Vt.,... 5 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 8 May 5th: Bates... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Dartmouth, 0 0 4 0 2 1 0 0 0 7

April 28th:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>R.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bates, 1b.</td>
<td>5 4 2 7</td>
<td>11 0 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burrill, p.</td>
<td>5 2 1 1 0 3 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell, 1.f.</td>
<td>6 1 1 1 0 0 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsifer, 3b.</td>
<td>5 2 2 2 1 0 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gerrish, c.</td>
<td>5 2 3 5 10 1 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brackett, s.s.</td>
<td>5 1 1 1 3 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slattery, 2b.</td>
<td>4 1 1 2 7 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berryman, c.f.</td>
<td>5 1 1 1 2 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuts, r.f.</td>
<td>5 1 1 1 0 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals.</td>
<td>45 13 30 27 14 10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>R.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colby, 2b.</td>
<td>6 1 1 2 3 1 3 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Purinton, 3b.</td>
<td>6 2 3 5 2 2 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latlip, 1.f.</td>
<td>4 2 0 0 6 0 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patterson, r.f.</td>
<td>6 2 2 2 1 0 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coffin, c.</td>
<td>5 2 3 6 7 2 2 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitman, p.</td>
<td>5 1 1 1 0 0 1 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R. Purinton, s.s.</td>
<td>5 0 0 0 0 1 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T. Totman, c.f.</td>
<td>4 1 3 8 3 0 2 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osborn, 1.f.</td>
<td>5 1 1 1 7 0 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals.</td>
<td>46 12 15 26 27 8 10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

score by Innings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>R.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bates.</td>
<td>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colby.</td>
<td>3 5 0 0 0 1 5 0 1 15 0 4 0 12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BATES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>R.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wakefield, 1b.</td>
<td>4 2 1 2 9 1 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglass, 2b.</td>
<td>6 0 0 0 3 2 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burrill, p.</td>
<td>5 2 0 0 0 3 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsifer, 3b.</td>
<td>4 5 3 5 0 2 1 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell, 1.f.</td>
<td>4 2 0 0 5 0 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gerrish, c.</td>
<td>5 2 2 2 6 0 1 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brackett, s.s.</td>
<td>5 1 1 4 3 2 2 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slattery, r.f.</td>
<td>4 0 1 1 1 1 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuts, c.f.</td>
<td>3 0 0 0 0 0 1 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field, c.f.</td>
<td>2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals.</td>
<td>42 14 8 14 27 12 6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
THE BATES STUDENT.

BOWDOIN.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fairbanks, r.f.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hull, s.s.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Williams, lb.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plaisted, p.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sykes, 2b.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapman, c.f.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bodge, 3b.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haynes, 1f.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allen, c.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Score by Innings:

- Bates, 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
- Bowdoin, 1 2 2 0 0 0 1 0 0


The two following games were very disastrous: In the first inning of the Maine State College game Burrill, our star pitcher, severely injured his knee in sliding to second base. We hope he will be able to play again in the course of a week or two, but it is doubtful. The score tells the rest of the story.

At Orono, May 15th:

BATES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Douglas, 2b.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burrill, 1b.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsifer, 3b.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell, 1f.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gerrish, c.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brackett, s.s.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field, c.f.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slattery, p.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutts, r.f.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

M. S. C.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bass, s.s., p.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frost, l.f.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haynes, p., 2b.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palmer, c.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farrell, 3b.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gilbert, c.f.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cowan, 2b., s.s.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeHasseth, 1b.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham, r.f.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Score by Innings:

- Bates, 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
- M. S. C., 1 1 0 1 5 2 1 0 7—18


At Waterville, May 16th:

BATES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wakefield, 1b., p.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglas, 2b.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsifer, 3b., p.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell, 1f.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Files, l.f.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gerrish, c.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brackett, s.s.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field, c.f.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slattery, p.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutts, r.f.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23*</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Whitman out, hit by batted ball.

COLBY.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>E.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>H.</th>
<th>T.</th>
<th>B.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.</th>
<th>E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purinton, 3b.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoxie, 2b.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coffin, c.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitman, l.f.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totman, c.f.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patterson, p.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latlip, s.s.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osborn, 1b.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osgood, r.f.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Score by Innings:

- Bates, 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
- Colby, 1 0 5 1 9 0 4 0 3 —32

On May 18th the team played Maine State College on the home ground. The game was interrupted several times by rain and was called in the middle of the seventh. Berryman pitched, and did excellent work. The following is the score of six innings:

At Lewiston, May 18th:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>E.R.</th>
<th>T.B.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bates</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wakefield, 1b</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Douglass, 2b</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulsifer, 3b</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field, c.f</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gerrish, c</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Files, r.f</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brackett, s.s, r.f</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slattery, r.f, s.s</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berryman, p</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A.B.</th>
<th>E.R.</th>
<th>T.B.</th>
<th>P.O.</th>
<th>A.E.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M. S. C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bass, s.s</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frost, l.f</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haynes, p</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palmer, c</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farrell, 3b</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gilbert, c.f</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cowan, 2b</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeHaseth</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Score by Innings.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bates</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M. S. C</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


**Standing of Maine College League.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>WON</th>
<th>LOT</th>
<th>PLAYED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colby</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bates</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M. S. C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The Observer** watched a game of ball one afternoon. He was interested in the game, but he was also greatly entertained by the remarks of a fair maid who sat amid a circle of admiring friends, eager to learn how the great and glorious game was played.

"Now what has W— got that bat for," she remonstrated. "The B. U.'s are playing now. Why doesn't some one make him sit down?" As no one replied she concluded that it would not be worth while to tell the players of this slight error.

The game progressed and the enthusiasm of the girls knew no bounds, for the home team was winning. Shouts of "Glorious! magnificent!" and adjectives by twos and threes arose from the grand stand, floated over the mountain, and faded away in the vicinity of Main Street.

"Oh! what are errand runs? It's better playing when you get lots of zeroes, you know. Home! Home!! Home!!! Why, the other day they
slid lovely. Did you see them? Got right down and slid."

Just here the conversation was so lively and animated on the part of the maid (she hardly having time to answer her own questions) and affairs were so interesting on the diamond, that the Observer was unable to divide his attention equally between the two, and devoted himself to the game.

* * * * *

He was suddenly recalled to the aforesaid group by the exclamation, "There comes G—. I should think those boys would be scared to death when he takes the bat." The fielders next received their share of praise. "That little fellow in the left field does finely. Is he one of our boys?" Some one said he was a Junior. "What does that man keep hopping around for, first, behind the pitcher, and then the catcher? They seem to get real mad at him sometimes, and I should think the policeman would put him off the grounds. Oh! He's an umpire, is he? And they want him there? 'Umpire, umpire,' I'll look that word up."

* * * * *

The Observer could keep on indefinitely, but will not, for reasons known only to himself. He does say, however, that he overheard the fair maid say that she had a better way of keeping score than any one.

* * * * *

The Observer has an eye for the beautiful and a taste for the artistic, but a view of the campus is offensive to both eye and taste. The campus, with its long avenues of magnificent shade trees, can be made extremely beautiful with very little expenditure of money and muscle. Now it is used by everybody as public property. Students and citizens have been allowed to travel constantly in any direction suiting their fancy until, viewing the campus from the mountain, it has the appearance of a cattle pasture where narrow, crooked, beaten paths, crossing and recrossing, extend in every direction. All of this is offensive to the Observer's eye and can be easily remedied by prompt attention.

* * * * *

The damage does not stop here. Every hackman, water peddler, expressman, etc., deem the ground directly in front of Parker Hall to be a public highway and use it as such. Now that suitable walks have been prepared in front of this building it is somebody's business to see that all teams are kept in the driveway between Hathorn Hall and College Street, and that no team in any case shall cross or drive upon these walks or upon the space between the walks where grass will readily grow if given half a chance.

* * * * *

The Observer, when examining the campus, directed his telescope beyond the buildings to the tennis courts, and here he again saw the products of the hand of negligence. No college has a better place for tennis courts or ground laid out in any better shape, yet of the many courts here only two are fit to play upon. Hundreds of dollars have been expended upon the others and then left in their present useless condition. Thus they remain an eye-sore to pass-
ers-by, and a subject of regret to tennis players, simply for the want of a few hours work to put them in suitable condition. 

The Observer finds himself in the midst of a co-educational institution. He believes it the duty of every educated man, wherever his circle of life may lie, whether his surroundings be pleasant or distasteful, to study his environments that he may obtain therefrom something of wisdom. One of the leading arguments that the Observer has heard advanced in favor of co-education is that it teaches young men a deep respect for woman and true courtesy toward her. Hence it was with extreme regret that he, a few weeks ago, noticed a young man, one, too, who has been in Bates nearly three years, and during that time has had unprecedented opportunity for learning courtesy, so far forget his native politeness and the influences about him as to descend to the perpetration of a low practical joke upon a fair classmate by palming off upon her a box of coal for a box of Vermont maple sugar.

The editor’s sanctum is generally supposed to be a very neat and tidy place. There should be nothing but old and rejected manuscripts, a rusty pair of shears, numerous old clippings, a big dirty paste-pot, scratching pens, thick ink, and stub pencils. All these we have and a little more—a waste basket occupying the whole room, especially the floor, for a thickness of two feet. The janitor offers a big reward to the person who has the courage to sweep out the sanctum.

The Observer is not particularly active during the nocturnal hours, but, by chance, he took a glance over Lewiston and Auburn the night of our victory over our Brunswick friends. Here and there, in snug little parlors, he saw some of Bowdoin’s truest braves entertained by some fair “Academy girls,” so called. The Observer’s eye dimmed with tears of compassion, and he involuntarily turned away, exclaiming, with all fervor, “Truly, O woman, thou hast charms to soothe the troubled head and heal the broken heart.”

**Alumni Department.**

**OUR SCHOOLS.**

In China the end of education is the establishment of paternal authority, of ancestor worship. In Persia, its object was to make every man a soldier. In Sparta, which was harassed by foes from in and foes from out, the supreme end of all attainment was physical strength. In all of these forms of education the individuality of the man was completely suppressed. The last man was to be made exactly like the first; every Chinaman at his birth is encircled by the ism-clad shroud of his primitive ancestor, and the Chinaman of to-day is educated as he was three thousand years ago.

It is the glory of the education of
our time that it puts in the front the
individuality of the child and the com-
plete development of the man. For
the attainment of this the social condi-
tions of our country are most favorable.
On the one hand our government in its
administrative and judicial functions is
constantly making greater demands
upon the intelligence of the people. On
the other, our diversified industries, our
rapid increase of inventions in mechan-
ical implements, means of transporta-
tion and communication—as the electric
motor, telegraph, and telephone—are
making the widest and greatest demands
for a manifold individuality. To meet
this demand we have established trade
schools, business schools, schools of
mining and electrical engineering; in
short, technical and professional schools
of every description. While our pub-
lic schools are placing within the reach
of all such a training as will prepare
one not only for the duties of citizen-
ship, but also for many of the higher
enjoyments of life, as through music
and the fine arts, yet above all these
stands the true ideal of education.
This includes the complete develop-
ment and unification of man's powers
in body, mind, and spirit, and it is
reached when the individual has real-
ized in himself the accumulated experi-
ences of humanity as a whole; when,
as Herbert would say, he stands upon
the shoulders of the past, and with the
resources thus at his command he re-
creates richer and more noble ideals of
life for himself and the coming gener-
ations. For the better attainment of
this ideal of education you have
founded colleges and universities, and
have endeavored to so equip them as
to surround the student with the high-
est and best influences of our civiliza-
tion. As products of such institutions
united with the higher education of
practical life and self-culture, we re-
fer with pride to a Washington, a
Garfield, a Hopkins, a Beecher, and a
Brooks.

Now in this line of institutions the
Latin School, at Lewiston, stands at
the portal. It looks backward to the
public school and forward to the col-
lege. The school is owned by Bates
College and is designed to fit students
for its Freshman class. Its course of
study extends over three years, and is
arranged to meet the average require-
ments for admission to the New Eng-
land colleges. The school for several
years has had more students preparing
for college than any other institution
in the state. During this time our
graduating class has averaged over
twenty.

Yet the school is deserving of greater
patronage, especially from Free Bap-
tists. In the first place it is our duty
to patronize our own institutions, that
we may, by our influence and support,
make them most worthy of our denom-
ination. But, dismissing this issue, we
would advance the first reason to be
considered in the selection of any
school—the qualifications of the in-
structors. Teaching with us has become
a different thing than it was even
twenty years ago. The man loaded
down with a mass of encyclopedic
knowledge is no longer called edu-
cated, and hence teaching to-day is
much more than mere directing pup-
pies how to swim. If it means anything it means the formation of faculty, rather than giving information and imparting knowledge. And the public to-day is fast demanding of the teacher, as it does of the doctor, a professional training for his work. He is to know the end of education, and the right means and methods to accomplish it. He is a gymnast that understands not only what exercises to prescribe to strengthen your biceps and to expand your chest, but also how to promote in the symmetrical development of the whole physique the effectual working order of every function. Now it is not for me to say that we at the Latin School understand all this. But, with "malice toward none and charity for all," we would leave it for you to consider whether or not this school, being compelled by its position to take into account the whole phase of education, would most likely develop her pupils according to pedagogical principles.

In the next place the influence of the Latin School itself is toward the highest attainment. About half of the students are Christians, nearly all come with a purpose for study, so that a scholarly and Christian spirit is the dominant spirit of the school.

Again, our class work is rendered most efficient in the fact that our pupils are all pursuing the same course. We have no conflicting interests to meet. In the class drill, therefore, the students are most helpful to one another. In addition, our recitations are one hour in length, and thus afford the teacher time to devote to the individual needs of the pupils.

Furthermore, the result of our work by disinterested authority has been classed with that of the best fitting schools of New England. We have had students from nearly every state east of the Mississippi, and from nearly every denomination in the country.

Moreover, the environment of the school is of the highest order. It is adjacent to the Theological School and Bates College. These institutions furnish examples of higher scholarship and are constantly a great source of inspiration to the pupils. The school is in easy access to the business portion of Lewiston and Auburn, which, combined, furnish many of the advantages, as lectures and concerts, of the largest cities.

Finally, in sending your children, and influencing others to come to the Latin School, you are fulfilling most completely your educational mission in the state. Students graduating from this school go to college, and most of them to Bates. For this institution, since I have been principal, we have prepared about two hundred and fifty students.

Now, an institution that meets the requirements of a denominational school so thoroughly as this, certainly should have the greatest patronage from Free Baptists. Although during recent years the number of students coming to the school through the influence of this denomination has increased, yet by far the greater number still come from outside influences, mainly by that of my pupils. Our denominational founders, either through lack of comprehension or funds, failed to establish educational institutions. To
relieve the losses thus accruing to this denomination, you, of this generation, have made every sacrifice in establishing Bates College, the Theological School, the Latin School, and similar institutions. Yet, unless they shall establish and extend Free Baptist principles through your children as students, they are largely, as far as any material advantage to this people, as if they never had been. If, therefore, we are in fact to retrieve the losses incident upon the mistakes of our fathers, if we are to take possession of the ground that the wisdom of the men of these times has planned for us to take, if in the great march of mind of the future we, as a people, are to stand in the work for Christ beside the strong and aggressive denominations, our churches now must be filled by such students as shall come either from the homes or through the influence of Free Baptists.

I. F. FRISBEE.
Latin School, Lewiston, Me.

PERSONALS.

'72.—Rev. F. W. Baldwin is joint author with Rev. Dr. Ward, editor of the Independent, of the paper issued by the New York, Baltimore and Washington Congregational Association, setting forth a basis of union in Christian work for the Congregationalists, Free Baptists, and other related bodies.

'73.—It is rumored that the trustees of Thornton Academy, Saco, Me., of which E. P. Sampson is principal, have decided to build a gymnasium this summer and equip it with baths and all modern appliances for physical culture.

'73.—The alumni article in the last number, entitled "The Second Year in Latin," was by E. P. Sampson. We are very sorry that his signature was omitted.

'74.—Rev. A. J. Eastman has resigned his pastorate in Franconia, N. H.

'76.—Rev. J. O. Emerson, pastor of the Congregational Church, Pittsfield, Ill., admitted thirty-seven to church membership, April 1st. He has organized the boys of his parish into a club for the purpose of studying Natural History.

'76.—T. H. Stacey is giving a course of lectures on his foreign travels.

'77.—G. A. Stuart, superintendent of Lewiston schools, has been making a careful study of the public schools of Springfield, Mass., and is giving the results in a series of lectures to the Lewiston teachers.

'78.—C. E. Brockway has been elected superintendent of schools for the Dartmouth and Westport district, Mass.

'79.—R. F. Johonnot, pastor of Unity Church, Oak Park, Ill., is having brilliant success. His parish has nearly doubled since last fall and recently his salary has been increased. He expects his class letter soon, which has been circulating ever since his graduation.

'80.—W. P. Foster has a poem in the May Century.

'80.—Rev. F. L. Hayes is in Washington, D. C., improving in health, and appears to be making a good beginning of the process of recovery, which, however, cannot be hoped to be very soon complete.

'81.—Rev. H. E. Foss has been re-appointed, by the East Maine Meth-
odist Conference, to Grace Church, Bangor.

'81.—Rev. B. S. Rideout, while climbing with a band of his people in the hope of saving his church from the late destructive fire in Norway, Me., fell and broke his shoulder.

'83.—O. L. Frisbee is pronounced, by the Chattanooga News, the best hotel man who has ever been in Chattanooga or on Lookout Mountain, and says that he will return to one of the famous hotels in the White Mountains, leaving "Lookout Inn" May 16th.

'83.—Rev. W. H. Barber has been reappointed, by the Maine Methodist Conference, to the church at Goodwin's Mills.

'85.—A. F. Gilbert, principal of Adams School, Newtonville, Mass., is receiving warm praises in the Boston papers for the coolness displayed by him in effecting the escape of hundreds of school children from his burning school building. His good judgment saved many lives.

'86.—C. E. Stevens, superintendent of schools, West Springfield, Mass., issues an interesting school report. The committee are very enthusiastic in his behalf.

'87.—J. R. Dunton's valuable services as superintendent of schools, Rockland, Me., have been recognized by an increase in salary, which makes his position one of the very desirable ones in educational work in the state.

'87.—Rev. Israel Jordan, pastor of Congregational church, Bethel, has received important accessions to his church lately.

'88.—C. W. Cutts is much esteemed in his position as teacher of Greek and Mathematics at New Hampton Seminary, New Hampton, N. H.

'88.—C. C. Smith's large and growing law practice in Pemberton Square, Boston, has been interrupted by a somewhat severe illness, from which he has now recovered.

'89.—A. B. Call, principal of Leland and Gray Seminary, Townshend, Vt., is to receive next year an addition of $300 to his salary. The seminary building has been recently burned, but it is thought that the trustees will vote to rebuild it without delay.

'90.—Rev. G. H. Hamlen, of Balasore, India, has an interesting letter relating to the mission work in India, in the Morning Star, April 12th.

'90.—Rev. F. B. Melrose is pastor of the Free Baptist churches in East Orange and West Topsham, Vt.

'90.—W. F. Garcelon recently came into town with a cargo of trophies won in America's best contests. He only wants to win three more first prizes.
'90.—T. M. Singer of Yale Theological School, has been licensed to preach by the New Haven Central Association of Congregational Ministers.

'90.—In Cumberland Supreme Judicial Court, C. J. Nichols was admitted to the bar April 16th.

'92.—A. D. Shepard, superintendent of schools, Burrillville, R. I., receives most gratifying commendation from the State Commissioners of Education.

'93.—A. P. Irving, principal of the North Anson Academy, has been unanimously elected superintendent of schools at Skowhegan.

'93.—L. E. Moulton, principal of Monson Academy, has decided to retain his position for two years under conditions that show how highly his services are valued.

'93.—Miss A. G. Bailey has also been re-elected for two years to her position in Monson Academy.

'93.—Miss M. J. Hodgdon, of the High School, Middleboro, Mass., has been elected a member of the New England Conference of Educational Workers. Miss Hodgdon remains at Middleboro next year with an increase of salary.

'93.—We find in the Gazette of Raleigh, N. C., May 5th, a very interesting and able communication from Prof. N. C. Bruce of Shaw University, respecting the condition of the colored people and the best methods for their improvement.

'93.—F. L. Hoffman, of Franklin School, Cincinnati, O., is to secure an addition of $200 to his salary next year.

College Exchanges.

Nor private grief nor malice prompts my pen;
I hold but kindness to my fellow-men.
—Whittier.

In the Red and Blue read the "Romance of a Flagstone."

In the Mountaineer read "Dante's Inferno and Purgatorio."

In the Dickinson Liberal read "The Condition of the American Ballot."

University Cynic: This paper keeps up its standard of excellence. Its poetry is excellent.

Bowdoin Orien: The Orient comes to us under a new management. We were in hopes when it changed hands that less space would be given to baseball and more to genuine literary productions.

Arcadia Athenæum: This is a journal from Wolfville, N. S., and is of high literary merit. Its article upon "Economy in the Educational Process" deserves commendation for its excellent thoughts and logic. We trust many may read it and profit thereby.

Tuftonian: The exchange editor of the Tuftonian seemed to be a wide-awake man last January, but has fallen asleep, we fear. He has contracted his department to a two-inch space, and half of that is copied from the Harvard
Monthly. This paper would be much improved by cutting and trimming the leaves before mailing it.

The Earlhamite: This western magazine contains some good reading matter. It can be improved by a little care on the part of its editors in proof-reading, also in its arrangement.

Peabody Record: When we revised our exchange list last January, we invited the Record to exchange with us. We have received several copies, and are much pleased with it. We advise New England colleges to obtain the Record.

Kenyon Collegian: The exchange editor has asked us to exchange with him. We will gladly do so if he will write his department with the pen in place of the shears. We think the Collegian is an exceptionally good western exchange.

Oberlin Review: This is a constant visitor to our table. Considering the college from which it comes and its extra large board of editors, we must say that it is a poor production. The paper upon which it is printed is not fit for a penny newspaper.

Dartmouth Lit: This is always a welcome visitor and always demands our first attention. It has but one rival in college journalism, and that is the Nassau Lit. The April number of the Lit was exceptionally fine. We would make special mention of "In Moosilauke." The author of the "Prince of India" might have done better had he been more familiar with Wallace's "Ben-Hur" and "The Prince of India."

Brown Magazine: The last number contains a very interesting account of college life in Russia, by a Russian student. He says that the men are not permitted to be away from their own rooms at night and that all of them are obliged to wear a uniform and are carefully watched by everybody with whom they come in contact. Such vigilance in American colleges might promote scholarship and lessen college disturbances.

Intercollegiate.

Professor Henry Drummond has been called to the presidency of McGill University, Montreal, Canada.

Lafayette has bought land for an athletic field, on which a grand stand and club-house will be erected at a cost of about $10,000.

The O. S. U. Athletic Association reports $208 in the treasury, and all debts paid. Not many of our colleges can give so good a report.

The University of Michigan has a fraternity which admits both sexes to its membership.

Caps and gowns will be worn by the graduating classes of nine New England colleges this year.

Each member of the Princeton football team has been presented with a silver cup, and each substitute, with a silver match box, by the New York alumni.
Italy has 21 universities with 600 professors and 9,000 students.

Henry L. Goddard, of Providence, R. I., who recently died in Colorado, left a fortune in mill shares to Brown University, the fund to be used for the paying of higher salaries to instructors if it is required to keep them when other colleges are bidding for them.

Professor Green, of Berkeley, has had printed, at his private expense, a "Manual of the Bay Region Botany," containing 350 pages of descriptions of all the species of middle and western California.

The public free schools of the United States are at present educating 13,250,000 children.

A New York lady, whose name is for the present withheld, has given Bishop Hurst $102,000 for the American University at Washington to endow the chair of history.

Harvard discourages students from taking more than twelve hours of recitations a week, but the professors demand thorough preparation of each lesson:—Ossarist.

The University of Missouri has received from the state legislature since February, 1891, by direct appropriation and interest on its endowments, $1,525,000.

Money donated to Chicago University by John D. Rockefeller amounts to $3,209,000.

At the University of Illinois, the Senior class has challenged the Faculty to a game of base-ball, the proceeds of which are to go into the treasury of the track-athletic team.

Adelbert is soon to build a $50,000 physical laboratory.

The average running expenses of Yale College is $231 per year for each student above the cost of tuition.

In 1870, the first year the University of Michigan was open to women, there were 36 co-eds in the University—16 medics, 18 lits, and 2 laws.

The Amherst Glee, Banjo, and Mandolin Clubs will sail, on July 4th, for Southampton, England, giving concerts through England and Scotland, under the management of Mr. Charles Terry, a brother of Miss Ellen Terry. This is the first trip of the kind ever undertaken by an American college.

The Faculty of Johns Hopkins has passed a rule requiring the captain of athletic teams to hand in the names of candidates for athletic teams, and any one not in good standing will not be admitted.—Polytechnic.

The Faculty of Cornell University has decided upon a series of radical changes. After this term there will be no more examinations held at the close of each term. The student's knowledge will be decided by the character of his daily recitations and by short examinations during the term.

Cornell Seniors will not wear the cap and gown, there being 51 out of 187 voting who are unwilling to wear the costume. The class has decided to establish a Ninety-four Memorial Debate Prize.

Out of the 122,523 students attending colleges in the country 77,000 belong to Greek-letter fraternities. —Thietensicon.
There are several contributions to the May Atlantic worthy of more than common note. One of them, “From Blomidon to Smoky,” is the first of a series of four articles by the late Frank Bolles. The papers represent his last studies of nature, and were the outcome of a summer excursion through Nova Scotia in 1893. The memory of Francis Parkman is honored by articles from his fellow-historians, Justin Winsor and John Fiske. Mr. Fiske’s paper is the larger, and all the space at his command has been used to appraise and illuminate Mr. Parkman’s work with extraordinary clearness. Gilbert Parker, the young Anglo-Canadian, whose stories are coming more and more into notice, contributes a tragic tale of the Hudson Bay Company—“Three Commandments in the Vulgar Tongue.” The gaiety of the number is considerably enhanced by the appearance, in Sir Edward Strachey’s “Talks at a Country House,” of some hitherto unpublished rhymes by the delightful Edward Lear, of the “Nonsense Verses.”

The complete novel in this month’s Lippincott’s has a very taking title—“The Autobiography of a Professional Beauty.” This story, by Elizabeth Phipps Train, author of “Doctor Lamar,” cannot fail to interest everyone. The fifth installment of Gilbert Parker’s serial, “The Trespasser,” is second in point of interest. Short stories, poems, and papers on varied topics make up the rest of the contents.

Mark Twain, in the May Century, brings the story of “Pudd’nhead Wilson” to such a point of interest that one wishes the June number were already in print. The fiction of this number is particularly interesting, comprising “Flash-lights,” by Lester Raynor; “Mr. Pate’s Only Infirmit,” by Richard Malcolm Johnston; “Witherle’s Freedom,” by Cornelia A. Pratt; and “Their Exits and their Entrances,” by George A. Hibbard. An article which will attract as much attention as any is “Across Asia on a Bicycle,” describing the journey of two American students from Constantinople to Pekin, illustrated by pictures from photographs by the authors. In the American Artist Series, Dagnan-Bouveret is the artist whose pictures are criticised. For the second time this year we see the name of William Prescott Foster in the Century. This poem is entitled “The Heart of the World,” and shows true poetic feeling.

One of the brightest educators in the country contributes to Education for May under the title, “The Critic at Sea,” the first series of articles in criticism of Dr. Rice’s strictures on American teachers and American schools. The poet for study in this series of “Outline Studies,” is Henry W. Longfellow. College students will find it profitable to read “Should Examinations be Abolished,” “The University Library,” and “Difficulties of our Smaller Colleges.”
S. P. ROBIE,

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

AND

ATHLETIC OUTFITS,

116 Lisbon Street,

LEWISTON, MAINE,

CAPS AND GOWNS

Add symmetry and grace to a speaker's figure. They are generally adopted by collegians and are furnished by

G. W. SIMMONS & CO.,
Oak Hall, Boston, Mass.

RESPECTFULLY SOLICITS YOUR PATRONAGE.

FOR

Chapped Hands, Face, and Lips, Rough and Hard Skin,
Sunburn, Chafing, Chilblains,
Burns, Scalds, Dressing Blisters,
Irritations, Scaly Eruptions,
Inflamed and Irritated Piles,
Salt-rheum, Eczema,

And all unpleasant conditions of the skin, of like character, restoring its

FRESHNESS AND PURITY.

HINDS' HONEY ALMOND CREAM

GENTLEMEN AFTER SHAVING
FOR SUNBURN
FOR ROUGH OR HARD SKIN

Will find it a very grateful lotion to allay irritation, protect the face from the Weather, and prevent chaps, soreness, and infection.

It softens, cleanses, purifies, and renew the healthy action. Contains no Oil, grease, or chemicals, and will not color, stain, or soil the finest fabric, and

CANNOT INJURE THE MOST DELICATE OR SENSITIVE SKIN.

Price, 50c.; by Mail, 60c.

A. S. HINDS, PORTLAND, ME.

Sample by mail, free to any address by mentioning "Bates Student."
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

W. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

AUBURN, ME.

Our Specialty, Physicians' Prescriptions. A Large Stock of Trusses. Prices Low and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

E. F. GOSS,

CONFECTIONERY AND CATERER,

Court Street, AUBURN, ME.

G. B. WHITMAN'S

CONSERVATORY MUSIC STORE,

149 Lisbon St., LEWISTON.

The famous Bube Bros. & Co.'s Pianos. Special styles and prices of this instrument for Colleges and Societies. Musical Goods of all kinds for Teachers and Students.

S. L. YOUNG,

BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,

Opposite Elm House,

Court Street, AUBURN, ME.

A. B. CUSHMAN,

Clothing and Gents' Furnishings,

56 Court Street,

AUBURN, ME.

A. B. HALL,

Jeweler,

55 Court St., AUBURN, ME.

We Serve Ice-Cream, Sherbets, & Fresh Cake,

Lemonade, Fancy Crackers, Sandwiches,

Coffee, Salted Peanuts, Salted Almonds,

Olives, Pickles, Oysters, and Salads.

J. M. STEVENS,

Fruit and Confectionery,

61 Court St., AUBURN, ME.

JOHN H. WHITNEY,

(Opposite J. Y. Scruton & Son.)

REGISTERED APOTHECARY,

28 LISBON ST., LEWISTON.

Physicians' Prescriptions accurately compounded.

J. H. STETSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

STOVES AND FURNACES,

Kitchen Furnishing Goods,

Tin, Iron, Copper, Wooden and Granite Iron Ware.

65 Lisbon Street, - LEWISTON, ME.

MAINE BENEFIT

Assocation,

AUBURN, MAINE.

GEO. C. WING, President.

N. W. HARRIS, Treasurer.

M. F. RICKER, Manager.
BLUE STORE,
Lewiston’s Largest Clothing House.
Young Men’s Nobby Clothing a Specialty. We Carry the Largest Stock.
We Name the Lowest Prices.
BLUE STORE, -- Lewiston’s Only One-Price Clothiers.

DOYLE BROS.
Lewiston 5-Cent Store
32-38 Lisbon St., LEWISTON.
BASE BALLS,
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, TINWARE,
Toys, Notions, etc., Wholesale and Retail.
J. DOYLE.

MRS. C. A. NEAL’S
BOOK-BINDERY,
JOURNAL BLOCK,
LEWISTON, . . . . MAINE.
Magazines, Music, etc., Bound in a Neat and Durable Manner.
Ruling and Blank Book Work of Every Description Done to Order.

ATTWOOD & BARROWS,
Headquarters for
Gents’ Furnishing Goods,
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers,
HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS,
Under Auburn Hall,
AUBURN, . . . . MAINE.

F. E. Tainter,
DEALER IN
PIANOS, ORGANS,
And Everything in Musical Merchandise.
42 Lisbon Street, - LEWISTON, ME.

BATES COLLEGE BAND.
Music furnished for parties of all kinds.
ARTHUR L. SAMPSON, WARREN M. DUTTON,
Asst. Director, Director.

The Columbia Standard Bicycle of the World,
graceful, light, and strong, this product of the oldest bicycle establishment in America still retains its place at the head. Always well up to the times or a little in advance, its well-deserved and ever increasing popularity is a source of pride and gratification to its makers. To ride a bicycle and not to ride a Columbia is to fall short of the fullest enjoyment of a noble sport.

Pope Mfg. Co.,
Boston, New York,
Chicago, Hartford.

A beautiful illustrated catalogue free at any Columbia agency, or mailed for two two-cent stamps.
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

JOHN Y. SCRUTON & SON, : : :

Fine Tailoring.

We shall show this season all the Novelties for Spring and Summer Suitings, Overcoatings, and Trouserings, which we are prepared to make up in first-class order, and at REASONABLE PRICES for good work.

Dealers in Ready-Made Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods,
23 Lisbon Street, LEWISTON, MAINE.

D. W. WIGGIN & CO., Apothecaries. :

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS OUR SPECIALTY.

213 Lisbon Street, Corner of Pine, LEWISTON, ME.

The N. I. JORDAN Insurance Agency,

Room 1, Goff Block, AUBURN, MAINE.

N. I. JORDAN.

O. J. HACKETT.

CHANDLER & WINSHIP,

Books, Stationery, etc.,

100 Lisbon St., Lewiston.

RICHARDSON, FARR & CO.,
Manufacturers of Harness,
AND DEALERS IN BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS.
Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed.
Special Rates to Students.
30 Bates St., and 137 Main St., LEWISTON.

RICHARDS & MERRILL,
Merchant Tailors, and Dealers in Ready-Made Clothing, Furnishing Goods, etc.

We have always on hand a very large and choice selection of Foreign and Domestic Woollens, in latest styles and novelties, which we make to order, and guarantee in Fit, Trimmings, and Workmanship, equal to any that can be had in Maine.
A full line of Fine Custom Ready-Made Suits and Overcoats always on hand. Our Motto: Quick Sales at Small Profits.

No. 1 Lyceum Hall Building, Lewiston, Maine.

If You Want the Best Confectionery in the City
CALL ON

S. A. CUMMINGS, The Confectioner,
And you will get it. Prices 10c., 15c., 20c., 30c., 40c., and 50c. Also, COLD AND HOT SODA with Pure Fruit Syrups.

Store and Manufactory, 223 Main Street, LEWISTON, ME.

S. A. CUMMINGS

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.
THE FAVORITE NUMBERS, 303, 404, 332, 351, 170,
AND HIS OTHER STYLES
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BATES COLLEGE.

FACULTY OF INSTRUCTION AND GOVERNMENT.

REV. OREN B. CHENEY, D.D.,
President.

THOMAS HILL RICH, A.M.,
Professor of Hebrew.

REV. JOHN FULLONTON, D.D.,
Prof. of Ecclesiastical History and Pastoral Theology.

JOHN H. RAND, A.M.,
Professor of Mathematics.

JONATHAN Y. STANTON, A.M.,
Professor of Greek and Latin Languages.

REV. ALFRED W. ANTHONY, A.M.,
Fullonton Professor of New Testament Greek.

REV. BENJAMIN F. HAYES, D.D.,
Professor of Psychology and Exegetical Theology.

LYMAN G. JORDAN, A.M.,
Professor of Chemistry and Biology.

THOMAS L. ANGELL, A.M.,
Professor of Modern Languages.

WILLIAM H. HARTSHORN, A.M.,
Professor of Physics and Geology.

REV. JAMES ALBERT HOWE, D.D.,
Professor of Systematic Theology and Homiletics.

GEORGE W. HAMLEN, A.B.,
Instructor in Greek.

GEORGE C. CHASE, A.M.,
Professor of Rhetoric and English Literature.

PORTER H. DALE,
Instructor in Elocution.

CLASSICAL DEPARTMENT.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

Candidates for admission to the Freshman Class are examined as follows:

LATIN: In nine books of Virgil's Aeneid; the Catiline of Sallust; six orations of Cicero; thirty exercises in Jones's Latin Composition; Latin Grammar (Harkness or Allen & Greenough). GREEK: In three books of Xenophon's Anabasis; two books of Homer's Iliad; twenty exercises in Jones's Greek Composition; Goodwin's or Hadley's Greek Grammar.

MATHEMATICS: In Arithmetic, in Wentworth's Elements of Algebra, and Plane Geometry or Equivalents.

ENGLISH: In Ancient Geography, Ancient History, English Composition, and one of the following English Classics: Shakespeare's King John and Twelfth Night; Wordsworth's Excursion (first book); Irving's Bracebridge Hall; Hawthorne's Twice Told Tales (second volume).

All candidates for advanced standing will be examined in the preparatory studies, and also in those previously pursued by the class they propose to enter, or in other studies equivalent to them.

Certificates of regular dismissal will be required from those who have been members of other colleges.

The regular examinations for admission to College take place on the second Saturday before Commencement, on Wednesday preceding Commencement, and on Saturday preceding the first day of the Fall Term.

Hereafter no special students will be admitted to any of the College classes.

EXPENSES.

The annual expenses for board, tuition, room rent, and incidentals are $180. Pecuniary assistance, from the income of thirty-seven scholarships and various other benefactions, is rendered to those who are unable to meet their expenses otherwise.

Students contemplating the Christian ministry receive assistance every year of the course.

THEOLOGICAL SCHOOL.

This is a department in the College, established by vote of the corporation July 21, 1870. It occupies Nichols Hall, situated about a quarter of a mile from the College buildings, and is in charge of a special Faculty appointed by the College corporation.

Candidates for admission are required to furnish testimonials of good standing in some Christian church, and to give evidence of their duty to prepare for the gospel ministry, certified by the church of which they are members respectively, or by some ordained minister.

Those who are not graduates from College, previous to entering upon the regular course of study, must be prepared for examination in the common English branches, Natural Philosophy, Physiology, Chemistry, Geology, Astronomy, Algebra, and in the Latin and Greek languages.

Tuition, room rent, and use of libraries free.

COMMENCEMENT, Thursday, June 28, 1894.
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

CHARLES A. ABBOTT,
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Fine Toilet Soaps, Brushes, Combs, &c.
Corner Lisbon and Main Streets, Lewiston, Maine.
Perfumery and Fancy Toilet Articles in great variety. Physicians' Prescriptions accurately compounded.

LEWISTON STEAM DYE HOUSE,
141 Main Street, LEWISTON.
Dyeing and Cleansing in all its branches. Lace Curtains Cleaned and Finished to look like new.
Naphtha or Dry Cleaning a Specialty.

JOSEPH LEBLANC, Proprietor.

DENTIST.
Percy R. Howe, D.D.S.,
Osgood Block, LEWISTON.
Office Hours: 8 to 12 A.M., 1 to 6 P.M., and evenings.

HASKELL & JONES,
Manufacturers and Retailers of
Men's and Youths' Medium and Fine Clothing.
The Fit, Style, and Workmanship are the best that fine material and skilled labor can produce. We always show the newest and best things to be found in MENS FURNISHING GOODS. FULL DRESS SUITS TO ORDER. Full Dress and Party Goods a Specialty. Sole Agents for Portland for the Jaros Hygienic Underwear. Our store is on the line of Horse Cars from Grand Trunk and Union Stations, making it easy of access for out of town customers.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF CHOICE
Flour, Groceries, Provisions, etc.,
In the City, can be found with
NEALEY & MILLER,
Cor. Main and Bates Streets, LEWISTON.

Bottom Prices always guaranteed.

FOR NICE PURE CANDIES
GO TO
A. E. HARLOW'S,
Where a large stock and variety is always on hand.
A. E. HARLOW, 58 Lisbon St.

FRANK KILGORE,
First-Class Carriages
Furnished for
WEDDINGS AND PLEASURE PARTIES
At any time. All new, neat, and first-class, with careful and gentlemanly drivers.

HEARSE AND HACKS FOR FUNERALS AT SHORT NOTICE.

HACK OFFICES: Gerrish's Drug Store; Residence, 107 College Street.
CONNECTED BY TELEPHONE.

NEW DINING ROOMS,
57 Lisbon St., Near Music Hall, Lewiston.
D. F. LONG, PROPRIETOR.
Meals at all hours. The Best of Steaks, Oysters, and Ice-Cream. CATERING FOR PARTIES A SPECIALTY. The best place in the city to get a Nice Oyster Stew.

NEW STYLES.

MURPHY,
THE
HATTER
AND
FURRIER.
SIGN, GOLD HAT,
LEWISTON, MAINE.
COTTRELL & LEONARD,
MAKERS OF
CAPS AND GOWNS
TO THE AMERICAN COLLEGES.
ALBANY, N. Y.
Illustrated Manual and Samples upon Application.
CALL ON
A. L. GRANT
FOR
FINE CONFECTIONERY
ICE-CREAM, FRUIT, AND SODA.
Hot Chocolate and Coffee.
ALTON L. GRANT,
Confectioner and Caterer,
160 Lisbon St., LEWISTON.

MAIN STREET LAUNDRY
111 Main St., Lewiston, Me.
This Laundry is opposite Hotel Atwood. All work done by hand at shortest possible notice. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Goods called for and delivered.
MRS. J. H. LANDERS, Prop'r.

W. H. STEWART, Caterer,
ASH STREET.

JORDAN-FROST LUMBER CO.,
Lumber, Coal, and Wood,
Foot of Cross Canal, Lewiston.
COAL OFFICES at 181 Lisbon Street and at Yard.

ISAAC GODDARD,
Dentist,
3 1-2 Phoenix Block, Auburn.

GEORGE A. CALLAHAN,
ELECTRIC
BOOK AND JOB PRINTER,
21 Lisbon St., LEWISTON.
FINE COLLEGE AND SOCIETY PRINTING
A SPECIALTY.

A SPECIALTY MADE
OF
SCHOOL AND COLLEGE
PRINTING
AT THE
LEWISTON JOURNAL OFFICE,
Has Removed to Sam Hibbert's Stand on
ASH STREET.
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

LATIN SCHOOL.

This Institution is located in the city of Lewiston, Maine. The special object of the school is to prepare students for the Freshman Class of Bates College, though students who do not contemplate a College course are admitted to any of the classes which they have the qualifications to enter. The School is situated near the College and Theological School, and thus affords important advantages of association with students of more advanced standing and scholarship.

The Course of Study comprises three years and as many classes; that is, the first year, or third class; the second year, or second class; the third year, or first class. The classes are so arranged that students can enter the school at any time during the year.

BOARD OF INSTRUCTION.

IVORY F. FRISBEE, A.M., PRINCIPAL Latin and Greek.
ARRA J. MARSH Ancient History and Mathematics.
JOHN BENJAMIN HOAG Rhetoric and Elocution.
HOWARD MATHEWS COOK Latin.
A. W. SMALL Mathematics and Latin.
HERMAN NELSON KNOX Mathematics.

For further particulars send for Catalogue.

I. F. FRISBEE, Principal.

LYNDON INSTITUTE, * * *
LYNDON CENTRE, VT.
WALTER EUGENE RANGER, A.M., Principal.

New Hampton Literary Institution,
NEW HAMPTON, N. H.
REV. A. B. MESERVEY, A.M., PH.D., Principal.

LEBANON ACADEMY, * * *
ELIHU HAYES, Principal.
SECRETARY TRUSTEES.

MINIATURE PHOTOS—Wrap cabinet photo and 25c. securely for one dozen beautiful copies; cabinet returned; cabinet copied size and equal original, $1.25. Reference, any bank in our city. JOHN H. BRITTON Co., Trenton, N. J.

MAIN CENTRAL INSTITUTE,
PITTSFIELD, ME.
O. H. DRAKE, A.M., Principal.

GREEN MOUNTAIN SEMINARY,
WATERBURY CENTRE, VT.
CHAS. H. RICHARDSON, A.B., Principal.

AUSTIN ACADEMY,
STRAFFORD RIDGE, N. H.
A. E. THOMAS, A.M., Principal.

F. S. WAKEFIELD,
AGENT FOR WRIGHT & DITSON'S
BASE-BALL, FOOT-BALL, TENNIS,
And General Athletic Goods. Call and
See the Sears Special Racquet.
ROOM 23, P. H., BATES COLLEGE.
LUX Engraving Co.

295 Congress St.
BOSTON, MASS.

Manufacturers of
Half-Tone Cuts.
reproductions of
College Sketches.
Illustrations for
College Journals and Books
Reproductions of Pen and Ink
drawings, Crayon, Script, Autograph letters.
Views of College Buildings,
copies of Architectural, Scientific
and other Drawings.

Class Pictures
and
Portraits of the Faculty
printed, to bind in College Books, Journals.

Call Cards, Menu Cards, Dance Orders.
Artistic Programmes.
Invitations &
Correspondence, Solicited.

295 Congress St.
BOSTON, MASS.
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

W. A. MANEY,
DEALER IN
Gents' Fine Furnishings,
120 Lisbon Street,
LEWISTON, - - MAINE.

Flagg & Plummer,
Successors to CURTIS & ROSS,
LEADING PHOTOGRAPHERS
We Make a Specialty of Class Pictures,
And call your attention to the quality of work sent out from our Studio in the past, and it will be our endeavor to keep it to their standard of excellence, and to please our customers in every particular.

We Guarantee
SATISFACTION
TO ALL.
Thanking our friends for the patronage given us in the past, it shall be our aim to merit the same in the future.

We shall be pleased to receive correspondence from any school or college in regard to prices, etc., for class pictures.

FLAGG & PLUMMER,
Over Banner Clothing House,
LEWISTON, ME.

SAMUEL HIBBERT'S
EATING HOUSE.
Meals at All Hours.
198 Lisbon Street, LEWISTON, ME.

LADIES AND GENTS, TAKE NOTICE.
FASHIONABLE
Hair Dressing Rooms,
PHENIX, 33 Ash Street.

O. A. NORTON,
Coal and Wood,
LEWISTON, MAINE.
OFFICE, 31 ASH STREET.
Yard on Line of M. C. R. R. between Holland and Elm Streets. Telephone No. 367-3.

LADIES AND GENTS, TAKE NOTICE.

C. D. LEMONT,
DEALER IN
Stoves, Furnaces, Tin, Copper, and Nickel Ware, Iron and Lead Pipe.
Gas and Water Piping, Plumbing, Sheet Iron and Metal Working. Also Jobs promptly attended to by First-Class Workmen and Work Guaranteed.
224 Main Street, - - - LEWISTON, ME.

BEARCE, WILSON & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers In
COAL AND WOOD
Of all kinds and of the Best Grades at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES. All Coal Screened by Our New Process. Prompt and Careful attention given to all orders. OFFICES: 185 Main St., Lewiston; Corner Court and Washington Sts., Auburn. TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS. Auburn Telephone

GEORGE B. BEARCE.
G. C. WILSON.
G. L. TURGEON.
When

The time comes for rest from college duties, and you wish to pass amid pleasant and recuperative surroundings. Remember that there is invigorating air and inspiring scenery among the White Mountains; that there are savory, salt sea breezes ever blowing on the Maine Coast; that there are hundreds of places to go a fishing or bag a duck in the Pine Tree State. And that the Maine Central Railroad leads to or toward them all, and its General Passenger Department will be pleased to tell you what it will cost for transportation and board, and give you all the information in its power. Consult daily newspapers for general timetable.

PAYSON TUCKER,
Vice-Pres., and Gen. Man.

MERRILL & WEBBER,
Book & Job Printers
88 Main Street, AUBURN.
Opposite Mechanics Savings Bank Building.

BUY YOUR
Books, Stationery, and Periodicals
AT
FERNALD'S BOOKSTORE,
UNDER MUSIC HALL, LEWISTON, ME.

NEW ENGLAND BUREAU OF EDUCATION,
3 Somerset Street (Room 5),
BOSTON, MASS.

This Bureau is the oldest in New England, and has gained a national reputation. We receive calls for teachers of every grade, and from every State and Territory, and from abroad. During the administration of its present Manager, he has secured to its members, in salaries, an aggregate of $1,500,000, yet calls for teachers have never been so numerous during the current year.

THIS BUREAU secures many positions for well-qualified teachers, in every department of instruction, who have had little or no experience, and it makes a specialty of promoting ambitious and successful teachers already at work, or qualified to do good work, to better positions with larger salaries. Teachers seeking positions or promotion should register at once. No charge to school officers for services rendered. Forms and circulars free. Address or call upon HIRAM ORCUTT, Manager.

MUNN & CO., NEW YORK,
301 BROADWAY.

WHITE & LEAVITT,
Dentists,
No. 1 Lyceum Block, Lisbon Street,
LEWISTON, ME.

K. B. WHITE, D.D.S.
F. L. LEAVITT, D.D.S.
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Union Mutual Life Insurance Company,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

J. FRANK LANG, Secretary.
INCORPORATED 1848.

IRA F. CLARK & CO. THE LEADING
Clothiers and Furnishers
482 Congress St., PORTLAND, ME.

B. LITCHFIELD & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Groceries and Provisions,
249 Main Street, Lewiston.

IMPORTANT!
If you want good
TEA, COFFEE,
FLOUR,
Or anything else usually
'kept in a first-class Groc-
ery Store, or if you intend
to visit any part of the
world (especially Europe),
or are sending for friends,
or sending money to
friends, be sure and call on
JOHN GARNER,
Grocer and Provision
Dealer, Passenger and
Exchange Agent,
Park Street, 213, - LEWISTON.

AMES & MERRILL,
DEALERS IN
Fine Teas, Coffees, and Spices,
All kinds of Fruits, Meat, Game, and Poultry,
Flour and Molasses.
187 Main Street, - LEWISTON, ME.

E. C. ANDREWS & CO.,
Manufacturers of and Retailers in
FINE GRADES OF
STIFF, FLEXIBLE, AND SILK HATS.
Hats Made to Order Without Extra Cost.
72 Lisbon St., LEWISTON, ME.

E. & M. S. MILLETT,
Millinery and Fancy Goods,
13 Lisbon St., Lewiston, Me.

THE LAKESIDE PRESS,
117 & 119 Middle St., Portland, Me.

ENGRAVERS.
We have every facility for the prompt execution of
photo-engraving, both line and half-tone, from photos,
drawings, or from original designs, by our own artists.

PRINTERS.
We make a specialty of the finest of Book and Job
Printing. With the most improved machinery and the
latest types, our work is the best.

LITHOGRAPHERS.
The addition of a complete equipment enables us to
compete with the world for commercial work, including
letter and bill-heads, checks, etc. Send for samples.
Colored labels in any style, or number of colors, made
to order. Sketches in colors submitted for approval.

BOOK-BINDERS.
Our bindery is filled with facilities for the manufac-
ture of blank books. Special ruling and printing, done
to order in our own building, receives careful attention.
Perforating, numbering and binding of checks, stock
certificates, and blanks done to order promptly. Maga-
zines, library books, etc., rebound in any style, at
reasonable rates.
Send for our illustrated catalogue, showing
specimens of engraving and printing;
mailed, postage paid, upon application.

W. H. SCOTT, PRES.
L. A. GOUDY, TREAS.
NOVELLO CRAFTS, MANAGER.
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

YOUR COLLEGE WORK

Would be greatly aided by the use of a good typewriter. If you are interested in this question, write for information about the Hammond.

And we will explain fully how its extreme simplicity and its speed and ease in operation, adapt it for one who wishes to become an expert quickly, as does the busy student or professional man. The

"Anvil & Shuttle"

Is just out. Send for list of type, etc.

MACHINES SENT ON TRIAL AND RENTAL.

The Hammond Typewriter Co.
300 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS.

N. E. RANKIN, AGENT, 149 Lisbon Street, LEWISTON, ME.

BATES STREET SHIRT CO.'S LAUNDRY, COLLEGE BLOCK.

Having recently refitted our Laundry with the latest improved machinery, we take pleasure in announcing that we are fully prepared to do all kinds of Laundry Work at Short Notice and in the best manner.

Bed and Table Linen at Less Cost Than Can Be Done at Home. Lace Curtains a Specialty.

A postal card will bring our team to your door.

The Fisk Teachers' Agencies

EVERETT O. FISK & CO., Proprietors.

PRESIDENT.

EVERETT O. FISK, 4 Ashburton Place, Boston, Mass.

MANAGERS.

W. B. BERRICK, 4 Ashburton Place, Boston, Mass.
L. H. ANDREWS, 4 Ashburton Place, Boston, Mass.
A. G. FISHER, 511 Main Street, Hartford, Conn.
MARTHA HAD, 4 Ashburton Place, Boston, Mass.
H. E. CROCKER, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.
W. O. PRATT, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.
R. F. CLARK, 106 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.
I. C. HECKS, Room 3, 131 Third Street, Portland, Ore.
C. C. BOYTON, 120½ So. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.
W. O. MCTAGGART, 32 Church Street, Toronto, Can.

WAKEFIELD BROS., DEALERS IN Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
Fancy and Toilet Articles, Sponges, Brushes, Perfumery, etc.
Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded, and orders answered with care and dispatch. 114 Lisbon Street, LEWISTON.

PREBLE HOUSE, Portland, Me.

J. C. WHITE, Prop't.
A. G. FASSETT,
Photographer and Portrait Artist,
Lisbon St., LEWISTON, ME.

My Apparatus, Accessories and Light are the Best in the City.

First-Class Work Guaranteed
Portraits in Crayon, India Ink, Pastel, Water Colors, and Bromide Enlargements.

Go to E. M. HEATH’S Music Store
For Everything in the Music Line.
Largest Stock in the State to Select From.
Special Discount to Colleges and Schools.
171 Lisbon Street, LEWISTON, ME.

Marlins
Made in all styles and sizes. Lightest, strongest, easiest working, safest, simplest, most accurate, most compact, and most modern. For sale by all dealers in arms. Catalogues mailed free by The Marlin Fire Arms Co., NEW HAVEN, CONN., U.S.A.

E. H. GERRISH,
APOTHECARY.
145 Lisbon St., cor. Ash, LEWISTON, ME
Prescriptions promptly and accurately prepared.
Full line of Chemicals, Drugs, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, &c., at Reasonable Prices.

R. C. PINGREE & CO.,
LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL
And all kinds of
WOOD WORKING.
INDIAN CLUBS TURNED TO ORDER.

B. PECK DRY GOODS CO.,
Importers, Jobbers, and Dealers in
Dry and Fancy Goods,
Garments, Millinery, etc.,
Sands Block, 126-128 Lisbon St., LEWISTON.
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THE BRIDGE TEACHERS' AGENCY,
BRIDGE & SCOTT, Proprietors,
BOSTON AND CHICAGO.

ONE FEE REGISTERS IN BOTH OFFICES.

We have placed teachers in nearly every city and large town in New England. Outside of New England we have supplied teachers to public or private schools in New York, Philadelphia, New Orleans, Chicago, Saint Paul, Minneapolis, Cleveland, San Francisco, and several smaller cities.

We have received applications for teachers from school officers from every State and Territory in the country and from a few foreign countries.

With two exceptions we have filled positions in every State and Territory in the United States.

In the Southern, Western, and Middle States we have filled several college positions.

AGENCY MANUAL FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

Offices: 110 Tremont St., BOSTON. 211 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO.

DR. EMERY BAILEY,
DENTIST,
No. 20 LISBON ST., - LEWISTON.
Gas administered to extract Teeth.

F. I. DAY,
Fine Boots and Shoes,
JOURNAL BLOCK.

WALKER BROTHERS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Oysters, Clams, and Lobsters
Goods Delivered Without Extra Charge.
55 Bates St., Near Main St., Lewiston, Me.

RAYMOND & GUPTILL,
Wholesale and Retail
STATIONERS.
WEDDING CARDS,
PROGRAMMES, ETC.
57 Lisbon Street, LEWISTON, ME.

$15.00  Size, Folded 5¼ x 3⅛ x 6½ in.
Size of Picture 4 x 5 in.

The Folding Kodet. Equal to any glass plate camera in the market except our Sixty Dollar Folding Kodak. Latest improvements, new shutters, finest adjustments. Adapted to snap shot or tripod work. Handsomely finished in mahogany and leather.

The Folding Kodet with one double plate holder, $15.00
Roll Holder for film (Ready in 30 days) 10.00

Send for '94 Catalogue.

EASTMAN KODAK CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.
BANNER CLOTHING HOUSE,
THE LARGEST AND LEADING CLOTHING HOUSE OF MAINE.

Advanced Styles in High-Grade Goods.

TAILOR-MADE GARMENTS
That Are Unequaled in Fit and General Excellence. Introducers of Novelties and the Best
of Everything Pertaining to Correct Dress. The Latest Ideas and
Standard Shapes in All Grades of

HARD + AND + SOFT + HATS.
A Magnificent Array of Rich and Elegant

FURNISHINGS.

PROMOTERS AND MAINTAINERS OF LOW PRICES.

BANNER CLOTHING HOUSE,
(Successors to BICKNELL & NEAL).
BABBITT BROS., The One-Price, Cash, Square-Dealing Twin Clothiers, Owners and Managers,
Nos. 134 to 140 Lisbon St., LEWISTON, ME.

HIGH ST. LAUNDRY

DAVIS & MERRILL, Prop'rs.

FINE WORK WITH PROMPTNESS.

Teams will be run to and from the College, collecting Tuesdays and delivering Fridays.
Bundles may be left at the Bookstore.

DAVIS & MERRILL, Auburn, Maine.

We have Wood,
Very good,
Ready for the trade;
Coal as well
Which we Sell.
None but Standard Grade.

On us call
One and all
When in want of fuel.
Please your wife,
All your life
Sweet will be your gruel.

J. N. Wood & CO.